



1. These people were left leaderless in the Lesser and Greater Occultations. These people lost at Karbala under Hussein, whom these people revere as a martyr. They disagreed with the election of Abu Bakr as caliph, preferring Ali instead. For 10 points, name this Muslim sect still fighting against the Sunnis.

ANSWER: **Shi'a** Muslims [or **Shiite** Muslims]

003-11-52-09101

2. In this work, Rose of Sharon nurses a starving man after her child is stillborn. A former preacher organizes labor strikes in this work before the police kill him. Jim Casy's death is avenged by Tom, who must leave his migrant family to go on the run. For 10 points, name this novel by John Steinbeck about the Joad family.

ANSWER: *The **Grapes of Wrath***

105-11-52-09102

3. This character gives a definition of temperance in *Charmides* (KAR-mid-eez), defends the existence of the soul in *Phaedo*, and describes the ideal state in *The Republic*. For 10 points, name this hemlock-drinking mouthpiece of Plato's dialogues.

ANSWER: **Socrates**

019-11-52-09103

4. This man became known as "The Lucky" after rescuing Thorir and receiving his goods. October 9th is this man's namesake "day." This man's father was banished for three years and was called "The Red." This man discovered a land he named Vinland. For 10 points, name this Icelandic explorer who was the first European to reach North America.

ANSWER: **Leif** Ericson [or Leif **Ericson**]

080-11-52-09104

5. This project, commanded by Leslie Groves, tested at the White Sands Proving Ground. It also utilized facilities in Oak Ridge, Tennessee. It produced Fat Man and Little Boy and was centered at Los Alamos, New Mexico. For 10 points, name this scientific project that produced the first atomic bomb.

ANSWER: **Manhattan Project**

064-11-52-09105

6. This group perpetrated a series of massacres on Christmas Day 2008. Its leader told people to use oil to draw a cross on their chests to make them bulletproof. Vincent Otti is one leader of this group. It is led by spirit medium Joseph Kony. For 10 points, name this Christian militia operating in Uganda.

ANSWER: **Lord's Resistance Army** [or **LRA**]

048-11-52-09106

7. Jules Guerin painted a pair of murals found in this structure. Henry Bacon designed this structure, which has an attic frieze naming 48 states. Daniel Chester French created the central sculpture here, which depicts its subject seated. For 10 points, name this memorial of the 16th president of the United States.

ANSWER: **Lincoln Memorial**

048-11-52-09107

8. This city was the site of a prison for Osceola and other Indians captured during the Seminole Wars. It was founded by Pedro Menendez de Aviles, who named it after landing during the feast day for the bishop of Hippo in 1565. For 10 points, identify this Florida city that is the oldest continuously inhabited city in North America.

ANSWER: **St. Augustine**

019-11-52-09108

9. This river's 1937 flood caused the Black Sunday Fire and required thousands of WPA workers for aid. This river is formed from the Allegheny and Monongahela Rivers. It flows through Wheeling, Louisville, and Pittsburgh. For 10 points, name this river that forms the northern borders of Kentucky and West Virginia.

ANSWER: **Ohio** River

080-11-52-09109

10. Following the Battle of Narva in this war, Denmark and Russia were temporarily incapacitated. In the Battle of Poltava during this war, Peter the Great crushed Charles XII of Sweden. For 10 points, name this war fought between Sweden, Denmark, and Russia, which marked Russia's emergence as a national power.

ANSWER: **Great Northern War**

135-11-52-09110



1. The Fashoda crisis occurred during the reign of this ruler, who had to dismiss some ladies-in-waiting during the Bedchamber Crisis. She was suspected of romantic involvement with "the Munshi" and John Brown after the death of Prince Albert. For 10 points, name this Hanoverian English queen who reigned for over sixty years.

ANSWER: Alexandrina **Victoria**

079-11-52-09101

BONUS: Queen Victoria was a carrier for what sex-linked genetic disease, whose sufferers included such European royals as the son of Nicholas II of Russia?

ANSWER: **hemophilia**

142-11-52-0910-1

2. The area that was the subject of this action had been acquired two years earlier in the Treaty of San Ildefonso from Charles IV of Spain. This action was arranged by the Marquis of Barbe-Marbois (barb-mar-BWAH), acting on behalf of Napoleon. For 10 points, identify this large land transfer from France to the U.S. in 1803.

ANSWER: the **Louisiana Purchase**

019-11-52-09102

BONUS: Within 25%, how much did the United States pay France for the Louisiana Purchase in 1803?

ANSWER: **15 million** dollars [or anything from **11.25** to **18.75** million dollars]

020-11-52-0910-1

3. This man lost World Series in 1964 and 1973 managing two different New York teams. He was photographed leaping into Don Larsen's arms after catching Larsen's perfect game. For 10 points, name this colorful Yankee catcher known for phrases like "It's déjà vu all over again" and "It ain't over till it's over."

ANSWER: Lawrence Peter "Yogi" **Berra**

003-11-52-09103

BONUS: What manager, also known for goofy sayings, guided Berra and the Yankees to five straight World Series titles from 1949 to 1953?

ANSWER: Charles "Casey" **Stengel**

052-11-52-0910-1

4. During this period, William Miller started a religious denomination. Upstate New York was referred to as the "burned-over district" during this period. The Seventh-day Adventists began during the peak of this movement. For 10 points, name this religious revival that took place in the middle of the nineteenth century in America.

ANSWER: **Second Great Awakening** [prompt on **Great Awakening**]

127-11-52-09104

BONUS: During the Second Great Awakening, Lyman was a notable preacher and patriarch of what family, whose members included Lyman's son, clergyman Henry Ward, and his daughter, a writer and abolitionist?

ANSWER: **Beecher** [do not accept "Stowe"]

052-11-52-0910-1

5. Natives of this country, who call it Aotearoa, signed a treaty with William Hobson that had ambiguous agreements. That treaty followed the Musket Wars fought in this country, which was the first in the world to grant women's suffrage. For 10 points, name this island nation, home to the Maori.

ANSWER: New Zealand

140-11-52-09105

BONUS: New Zealand was first sighted by what explorer, who also discovered an island now named for him?

ANSWER: Abel Janszoon Tasman

140-11-52-0910-1

6. This man's government passed the popiwiek tax to cut back on hyperinflation as part of the Balcerowicz plan. This head of the BBWR party participated in the Round Table Talks after a strike led by his organization, which was founded in the Lenin Shipyards. For 10 points, name this former head of Solidarity and Polish prime minister.

ANSWER: Lech Walesa

048-11-52-09106

BONUS: The Lenin Shipyards were located in this city, which was originally the Danzig Free City.

ANSWER: Gdansk

149-11-52-0910-1

7. As this man's term as President was ending, the Sixteenth Amendment was ratified. His term saw intervention in Nicaragua as an example of his Dollar Diplomacy policies. For 10 points, name this American President, who later became Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.

ANSWER: William Howard Taft

088-11-52-09107

BONUS: Taft was made Chief Justice by what president who was in office during the Teapot Dome scandal?

ANSWER: Warren G. Harding

066-11-52-0910-1

8. After this event, one participant returned to Washington to supervise the impeachment trial of Samuel Chase. It occurred in Weehawken, New Jersey in July 1804, and resulted in the death of a former Treasury Secretary. For 10 points, name this confrontation in which the sitting Vice President fatally shot a rival.

ANSWER: the duel between Alexander Hamilton and Aaron Burr [or any reasonable formulation containing the three underlined words]

019-11-52-09108

BONUS: Aaron Burr was replaced as Vice-President for Thomas Jefferson's second term by what politician, the first Governor of New York who remained as Vice-President under James Madison?

ANSWER: George Clinton

052-11-52-0910-1



CHINESE DYNASTIES

Which Chinese dynasty...

1. Was led by the emperor Hongwu and saw the construction of the Forbidden City?

ANSWER: **Ming** Dynasty

2. Was founded by the rebel Liu Bang and names China's largest ethnic group?

ANSWER: **Han** Dynasty

3. Saw Shihuangdi implement book-burning legalism?

ANSWER: **Qin** Dynasty

4. First invoked the "Mandate of Heaven" and lost power during the Warring States Period?

ANSWER: **Zhou** Dynasty

5. Included only Mongols and was founded by Kublai Khan?

ANSWER: **Yuan** Dynasty

6. Saw the use of oracle bones for divination and succeeded the partly legendary Xia?

ANSWER: **Shang** Dynasty

7. Succeeded the Sui Dynasty and featured the writing of Li Po and Du Fu?

ANSWER: **Tang** Dynasty

8. Saw such innovations as paper money, gunpowder, and the compass?

ANSWER: **Song** Dynasty

105-11-52-0910-1

EUROPEAN BATTLES

At which European battle did...

1. Russia end a siege and turn the tide of the Eastern Front against the Nazis?

ANSWER: Battle of **Stalingrad**

2. Richard III perish, allowing Henry Tudor to become king?

ANSWER: Battle of **Bosworth Field**

3. Mehmed II capture a city for the Ottomans in 1453?

ANSWER: Siege of **Constantinople**

4. Ottomans defeat Serbians in a place that became independent in 2008?

ANSWER: Battle of **Kosovo** [or Battle of the **Field of Blackbirds**]

5. The Basques defeat the French, inspiring an epic?

ANSWER: Battle of **Roncevaux Pass**

6. A Polish-Lithuanian alliance decisively defeat the Teutonic Knights?

ANSWER: First Battle of **Tannenberg** [or Battle of **Grunwald**]

7. King Harold Godwinson defeat Harald Hardrada?

ANSWER: Battle of **Stamford Bridge**

8. Pompey lose the Roman Civil War?

ANSWER: Battle of **Pharsalus**

105-11-52-0910-1

COLONIALISM

What person, place, or thing from the colonization of Africa was...

1. Found near Lake Tanganyika by Henry Morton Stanley?

ANSWER: Dr. David **Livingstone**

2. A colony founded by freed American slaves?

ANSWER: Republic of **Liberia**

3. The founder of De Beers?

ANSWER: Cecil John **Rhodes**

4. A Dutch group which fought the British in South Africa?

ANSWER: **Boers**

5. The colonizer of Mali and Senegal?

ANSWER: **France** [or **French Republic**; or **Republique Francaise**]

6. The country led by Menelik II that was never colonized?

ANSWER: Federal Democratic Republic of **Ethiopia** [or **Ityop'iya** Federalawi Demokrasiyawi Ripeblik]

7. The Franco-Italian governor of the French Congo?

ANSWER: Pierre Savorgnan de **Brazza**

8. This Belgian king who personally owned the Congo Free State?

ANSWER: **Leopold II** [prompt on **Leopold**]

088-11-52-0910-1



1. **At the start of this President's term, he was pressured to dismiss environmental advisor Van Jones over past links to radicals. This President is featured in the Situation (+) Room photograph. The Dodd-Frank reform act was signed by this man, who later approved the repeal of (*) Don't Ask, Don't Tell.** For 10 points, name this President who defeated John McCain in the 2008 election.

ANSWER: Barack Hussein **Obama II**

066-11-52-09101

2. **One composer from this country wrote a 1957 Requiem for string orchestra. A conductor of this country's ethnicity directed the (+) Boston Symphony Orchestra for twenty-nine years. This country developed a flute called the (*) shakuhachi, and its music traditionally accompanied Noh dramas.** For 10 points, name this country from which Toru Takemitsu and Seiji Ozawa hail.

ANSWER: **Japan** [or **Nippon**-koku; or **Nihon**-koku]

080-11-52-09102

3. **During these events, peasants called "kippers" were fitted with maces to retrieve their masters' property. William (+) Marshal gained his reputation from these events. Sections of these events included the "running at the rings" and the (*) "melee."** For 10 points, name these events, where knights competed for the favor of ladies.

ANSWER: jousting **tournaments** [or **jousts**]

080-11-52-09103

4. **Participants in one of these events were organized by Enrico Dandolo and established the Latin Empire after sacking (+) Constantinople. At the Council of Clermont, Urban II called for another of these events, which established namesake "states" like the Kingdom of (*) Jerusalem.** For 10 points, name these Christian attempts to retake the Holy Land from Muslims.

ANSWER: **Crusades** [or Fourth **Crusade**; or First **Crusade**]

080-11-52-09104

5. **During one siege of this city, Wilhelm von Roggendorf led the cavalry under Nicholas, Count of Salm. In another battle over this city, Kara Pasha lost to John III (+) Sobieski. The aforementioned siege of this city occurred shortly after Louis II's victory at the Battle of Mohacs and was led by (*) Suleiman the Magnificent.** For 10 points, name this capital of Austria.

ANSWER: **Vienna** [or **Wien**; or **Viden**; or **Becs**]

149-11-52-09105

6. **One demand of the Chartists was for members of this body to be paid. The voter qualifications for elections to this body were changed by the Great Reform Bill.(+) Pride's Purge turned the "Long" one into the (*) "Rump" one of these.** For 10 points, identify this body, which is comprised of the House of Commons and House of Lords and governs the U.K.

ANSWER: British **Parliament** [or United Kingdom **Parliament**; or House of **Commons** before it is read]

019-11-52-09106

7. **“The White Death” was a sniper from this country. During World War II, this country aided the Nazis at the Siege of Leningrad by sending troops under the command of (+) Mannerheim. This country fought the (*) Winter and Continuation War against the Soviet Union. For 10 points, name this country whose capital lends its name to a set of accords solidified Cold War boundaries, the Helsinki Accords.**

ANSWER: Republic of **Finland** [or Republiken **Finland**; or **Suomi**; or **Suomen Tasavalta**]

149-11-52-09107

8. **This country printed bank notes of a hundred quintillion pengo in the 1940s. During World War II, this country was led by (+) Miklos Horthy; later, the Soviets removed Prime Minister (*) Imre Nagy (NAJ). For 10 points, name this country, which was invaded in November 1956 by the USSR.**

ANSWER: Republic of **Hungary** [or **Magyar** Köztársaság, or **Magyar**ország]

142-11-52-09108



Alexander Hamilton argued this document was unnecessary and could even be counterproductive if read too literally in Federalist Paper 84. The national version of this document was created after a (+) compromise where Anti-Federalists promised to ratify the (*) Constitution if this was added. For 10 points, name this document that comprises the first ten amendments.

ANSWER: **Bill of Rights**

121-11-52-0910-1

BONUS: What general did Justinian dispatch in 533 to capture Carthage and later Ravenna for the Byzantine empire?

ANSWER: Flavius **Belisarius**

052-11-52-0910-1