



1. This state was the first to constitutionally abolish slavery, and was twice governed by Thomas Chittenden during its quasi-independent period until 1791. In the Revolutionary War, this state was protected by Ethan Allen's Green Mountain Boys. For 10 points, name this small New England state.

ANSWER: **Vermont**

019-11-45-06101

2. Some followers of this system believed that one emperor rules from Mount Tai. Its founder wrote a book for a guard named Yinxi. One text of this philosophical system is the *Tao-te-ching*, and during the Tang dynasty it competed with Confucianism for popularity. For 10 points, name this Chinese school of thought founded by Lao Tzu.

ANSWER: **Taoism** [or **Daoism**]

030-11-45-06102

3. This inventor worked with Benjamin Latrobe on an improved sundial and encoded his own diplomatic correspondence using a wheel cipher. He invented improved American versions of the swivel chair and the dumbwaiter. For 10 points, name this inventor whose Great Clock can be seen at the entrance hall of his home, Monticello.

ANSWER: Thomas **Jefferson**

019-11-45-06103

4. One member of this movement painted a comic-book-like image of a fighter plane firing rockets. In addition to *Whaam!*, paintings from this movement included colored portraits of Marilyn Monroe. Andy Warhol's *Campbell's Soup Cans* are an example of, for 10 points, what art movement which used icons from mass culture?

ANSWER: **pop** art

132-11-45-06104

5. One side of this conflict was put down by the Watermelon Army, led by "Lighthorse Harry" Lee and the sitting U.S. President. It opposed a seven cents per gallon excise tax passed three years earlier. For 10 points, name this 1794 anti-federal uprising in western Pennsylvania during the Washington administration.

ANSWER: the **Whiskey Rebellion**

019-11-45-06105

6. This movement triggered by a play about a minister being dismissed from office. Participants railed against the "Four Olds" and were called Red Guards. Targets of this event included Liu Shaoqi (shouh-CHEE) and other enemies of the CCCP. For 10 points, name this violent struggle that began in the late 1960s in China.

ANSWER: Great Proletarian **Cultural Revolution**

048-11-45-06106

7. This university shares its name with the earliest Iron Age civilization in central Italy. A team from this school that included Ed Pinckney became the only eighth seed to win the NCAA tournament. That happened in 1985, when this Rollie Massamino-coached team defeated Georgetown. For 10 points, name this underdog champion, a Catholic university from Philadelphia.

ANSWER: **Villanova** University

019-11-45-06107

8. A fierce area of conflict in this war was “MiG alley”, and it also saw the battle of Pork Chop Hill. The ceasefire in this conflict was signed at Panmunjom. This war included an amphibious landing at Incheon. For 10 points, identify this conflict which ended when the DMZ divided its namesake country into north and south.

ANSWER: **Korean** War

048-11-45-06108

9. This man succeeded Edouard Daladier as Paul Reynaud's Minister of War. Later, he was the president who granted independence to Algeria and temporarily expelled NATO forces from his country. For 10 points, name the leader of the Free French and first President of the Fifth Republic.

ANSWER: Charles **de Gaulle**

140-11-45-06109

10. The 1913 lynching of Leo Frank led to the establishment of the ADL to protect this group. Judah Benjamin was its highest ranking member in the Confederate government. In the U.S., members of this group were generally Sephardic or Ashkenazi. For 10 points, name this religion that once met in the Touro Synagogue.

ANSWER: **Jews** [or **Jewish** American or equivalent]

064-11-45-06110



1. In one novel by this author, Chris Oriko is the Commissioner for Information. In another, Obi accepts a bribe. This Biafran ambassador wrote *Anthills of the Savannah* and *No Longer at Ease* as a sequel to a work where the main character kills his foster-son Ikemefuna. For 10 points, name this Nigerian author who wrote about Okonkwo in *Things Fall Apart*.

ANSWER: Chinua **Achebe**

127-11-45-06101

BONUS: Achebe wrote a fierce attack on what he saw as racist tendencies in what novella by Joseph Conrad that centered around Belgian colonization?

ANSWER: **Heart of Darkness**

003-11-45-0610-1

2. This person twice landed in Britain during unsuccessful attempts to conquer that land, following his victory at Alesia over Vercingetorix (ver-sin-GET-or-ix). This ally of Crassus and Pompey in the First Triumvirate then “crossed the Rubicon” into Italy. For 10 points, name this Roman general who was killed by Brutus on the Ides of March.

ANSWER: Gaius **Julius Caesar** [prompt on partial answer]

019-11-45-06102

BONUS: After Julius Caesar's death, the Second Triumvirate consisted of Octavian, Lepidus, and what other victor at the Battle of Philippi?

ANSWER: Mark **Antony** [or **Marcus Antonius**]

142-11-45-0610-1

3. This amendment states that the “validity of the public debt...shall not be questioned.” Its authority was circumvented by the “separate but equal” ruling of *Plessy v. Ferguson*. For 10 points, name this amendment to the Constitution that granted citizenship and equal rights to slaves emancipated after the Civil War.

ANSWER: **Fourteenth** Amendment

130-11-45-06103

BONUS: Name the Pennsylvania Radical Republican Senator who supported the Fourteenth Amendment and requested to be buried in an interracial cemetery.

ANSWER: Thaddeus **Stevens**

130-11-45-0610-1

4. A founder of this country's National Gathering party led a five-day coup during its 1940 German invasion. That man's name was borrowed into English as a synonym for "traitor." For 10 points, Vidkun Quisling was a leader of what country, whose capital changed its name in 1925 from Christiania to Oslo?

ANSWER: Kingdom of **Norway** [or Kongeriket **Norge**]

142-11-45-06104

BONUS: The Nazis declined to rule through puppets in what country, which was instead directly incorporated into Germany via the Anschluss?

ANSWER: **Austria**

019-11-45-0610-1

5. James Garfield worked as a "hoggee" to manage the mules along this structure. Debtors' prison inmate Jesse Hawley published essays under the pseudonym "Hercules" to argue for its creation. Hawley convinced Governor Dewitt Clinton to support its construction. For 10 points, name this waterway that runs from Albany to Buffalo, where it empties into its namesake Great Lake.

ANSWER: **Erie Canal**

080-11-45-06105

BONUS: On the same day as the Erie Canal's opening, another canal connected the Hudson River to what lake shared by Vermont, New York, and Quebec, which takes its name from a French explorer?

ANSWER: Lake **Champlain**

052-11-45-0610-1

6. One force at this battle organized in a formation similar to a phalanx that had densely wooded forests on each of their flanks. The cavalry of the opposing side in this battle returned to their camp after a rumor about looting treasure from Bordeaux. The Umayyads at this battle were commanded by Abd al-Rahman. For 10 points, name this 732 battle where Charles Martel halted Muslim expansion in Europe.

ANSWER: Battle of **Tours** [or Battle of **Poitiers**]

135-11-45-06106

BONUS: This epic was written about knight in the service of Charles Martel, preceding the Battle of Tours.

ANSWER: **Song of Roland**

135-11-45-0610-1

7. The 2000 Republican primary in this state featured a push poll about a fictitious "black child" of John McCain. Congressmen Robert Hayne and Preston Brooks were from this state. For 10 points, name this first state to secede, which became the site of the Civil War's start at Fort Sumter.

ANSWER: **South Carolina**

140-11-45-06107

BONUS: What Louisiana-born commander of Charleston ordered the attack on Fort Sumter and became an important Confederate general throughout the war?

ANSWER: Pierre Gustave Toutant **Beauregard**

019-11-45-0610-1

8. The Duke of Cumberland won a 1746 battle in this country. The Battle of Culloden occurred here as part of a Jacobite uprising. The Battle of Bannockburn was a decisive victory for this country in its war of independence. For 10 points, name this country located in the northern portion of the United Kingdom.

ANSWER: **Scotland** [prompt on **United Kingdom**]

127-11-45-06108

BONUS: This Catholic king of England, Ireland and Scotland was ousted by his daughter, Mary II, and her husband, William III, in the bloodless Glorious Revolution.

ANSWER: **James II** [or **James VII** of Scotland]

066-11-45-0610-1



FLORIDA

Name these elements of the history of Florida:

1. Large wetlands area where many Indian tribes lived

ANSWER: the **Everglades**

2. Mythical spring sought by Ponce de Leon

ANSWER: the **fountain of youth**

3. Base where NASA launches take place

ANSWER: Cape **Canaveral** [or Cape **Kennedy**]

4. Founder of Daytona Beach college that merged with Cookman Institute

ANSWER: Mary McLeod **Bethune**

5. Phrase for an incompletely punched vote at center of 2000 election

ANSWER: "**hanging chad**"

6. Supreme Court case which decided that election

ANSWER: **Bush v. Gore**

7. 1819 treaty selling Florida to U.S.

ANSWER: **Adams-Onis** Treaty

8. 1992 Florida hurricane, the most damaging prior to Katrina

ANSWER: Hurricane **Andrew**

019-11-45-0610-1

BIG CORPORATIONS

Who...

1. Were the journalists who wrote exposes of corporate abuses in turn of the century America?

ANSWER: **muckrakers**

2. Exposed poor meat-packing health standards in *The Jungle*?

ANSWER: Upton Beall **Sinclair** Jr.

3. Was the namesake of the first Antitrust Act, passed in 1890?

ANSWER: John **Sherman**

4. Was known as the "trust-busting" President?

ANSWER: **Theodore "Teddy" Roosevelt** [or **TR**; prompt on **Roosevelt**]

5. Was the owner of Standard Oil?

ANSWER: John Davison **Rockefeller**

6. Led a group of financiers that formed U.S. Steel?

ANSWER: John Pierpont **Morgan**

7. Exposed the connection between city government and big business in *The Shame of the Cities*?

ANSWER: Lincoln **Steffens**

8. Is a sport whose most prestigious operating company was ruled exempt from antitrust law by a 1922 Supreme Court case?

ANSWER: Major League **Baseball** [or **MLB**]

003-11-45-0610-1

CANADIANS

What Canadian...

1. Holds the NHL records for goals and points scored?

ANSWER: Wayne **Gretzky**

2. Was the first Prime Minister of Canada?

ANSWER: John **MacDonald**

3. Was the iconic Liberal Prime Minister from 1968 to 1984?

ANSWER: Pierre **Trudeau**

4. Is the current host of *Jeopardy!*?

ANSWER: Alex **Trebek**

5. Wrote the feminist novel *The Handmaid's Tale*?

ANSWER: Margaret **Atwood**

6. Founded a major film studio with his brothers Sam, Harry, and Albert?

ANSWER: Jacob "Jack" **Warner**

7. Hosted ABC's evening news from 1983 to 2005?

ANSWER: Peter **Jennings**

8. Is the current Prime Minister, a Conservative?

ANSWER: Stephen **Harper**

019-11-45-0610-1



1. **In 2010, 1400 euros were charged to a credit card looted from the body of a historian from this country. That man had died along with ninety-five others in the crash of an (+) airplane carrying this country's government leaders near (*) Smolensk, Russia.** For 10 points, name this country, which lost its president, Lech Kaczynski, in the crash.

ANSWER: Republic of **Poland** [or Rzeczpospolita **Polska**]

019-11-45-06101

2. **Dizzy Gillespie played a bent version of this instrument, also played by Wynton Marsalis and Miles (+) Davis. An instrument closely related to this one is the cornet, which, like this instrument, is a brass instrument with three (*) valves.** For 10 points, name this highest-pitched brass instrument that was prominent during the Roaring '20s.

ANSWER: **trumpet**

080-11-45-06102

3. **This civilization's artwork includes "elongated man" figurines and several works depicting jaguars. Their cities include Tres (+) Zapotes, San Lorenzo, and La Venta. Their capital in modern-day Tabasco includes a (*) conical earth pyramid.** For 10 points, name this Mesoamerican civilization that sculpted large stone heads.

ANSWER: **Olmeccs**

079-11-45-06103

4. **This entity won the Battle of Lechfeld against the Magyars. Its rulers, who were (+) elected through procedures outlined in the Golden Bull of 1356, included (*) Otto the Great and Maximilian.** For 10 points, name this empire, which was, despite its name, composed of many small German states.

ANSWER: **Holy Roman Empire**

140-11-45-06104

5. **One battle that occurred during this war was the Battle of Crecy (+). In another battle in this war, the English victory was secured by the use of longbowmen; that battle was the Battle of (*) Agincourt.** This war occurred between the Houses of Plantagenet and Valois (val-WAH). For 10 points, name this long series of wars between England and France which actually lasted one hundred and sixteen years.

ANSWER: **Hundred Years War**

066-11-45-06105

6. **During this man's reign, Eustache Dauger, the "Man in the Iron Mask," was imprisoned. This man signed the Treaty of Ryswick with the League of Ausburg, and he was advised by (+) Cardinal Mazarin. This man's attempt to place the Dauphin on the (*) Spanish throne led to the War of Spanish Succession.** For 10 points, name this "Sun King" of France who claimed "I am the state."

ANSWER: **Louis XIV** [or **Louis** the **Great**; prompt on **Louis**]

149-11-45-06106

7. **Napoleon defeated the Austrians at the Battle of Lodi in this country. After witnessing a battle in this country, (+) Henry Dunant created the Red Cross. Camillo Cavour was the first prime minister of this country, which was unified with the help of (*) Garibaldi.** For 10 points, name this European country on a peninsula.

ANSWER: **Italy**

127-11-45-06107

8. **Engagements in this war included the Battles of Inkerman and the Alma River, and one side in this war besieged (+) Sevastopol. A misinterpreted order from Lord Raglan led to disaster for the 13th Light Dragoons in this war's Battle of (*) Balaclava.** For 10 points, what war fought on a namesake Ukrainian peninsula included the Charge of the Light Brigade?
ANSWER: **Crimean** War

142-11-45-06108



This ruling arose from a suit brought by a man who wished to become a justice of the peace in Washington, D.C. but was denied the “writ of (+) mandamus” he sought to enforce the “midnight (*) appointments.” For 10 points, what 1803 Marshall Court case established the principle of judicial review?

ANSWER: Marbury v. Madison [or Madison v. Marbury]

019-11-45-0610-1

BONUS: What American pragmatist thinker wrote *Individualism Old and New* and *Democracy and Education*?

ANSWER: John Dewey

014-11-45-0610-1