



1. A theme from one work by this man is parodied in the "Intermezzo interrotto" movement of Bartok's *Concerto for Orchestra*. His orchestral works also include *Festive Overture* and a symphony in which poetry by Yevgeny Yevtushenko is sung by a male choir. That thirteenth symphony by this man is called *Babi Yar*, while his fifth is subtitled "A (*) Soviet Artist's Creative Response to Justified Criticism." For 10 points, name this Soviet composer of the *Leningrad Symphony*.

ANSWER: Dmitri Dmitrievich Shostakovich

142-11-41-14102

2. This equation is used in the limit of low overpotential. This equation can be used to find the potential of an ion on either side of a membrane, and a generalization of it named for Goldman, Hodgkins, and Katz is used to find the membrane potential. It states that RT over z times the (*) Faraday constant times the natural logarithm of the reaction quotient will give the half-cell potential. For 10 points, name this equation used in electrochemistry.

ANSWER: Nernst equation

048-11-41-14103

3. The protagonist of this novel meets the feverish patient Lewandowski at a Catholic hospital. Another character in this novel is the French printer Gerard Duval, whom the protagonist kills. Many of its characters are influenced by the pompous school teacher Kantorek, who likes to give speeches about patriotic duty. In this novel, Muller, Kropp, and (*) Kat are friends of Paul Baumer and enlist in the army with him. For 10 points, name this German World War I novel by Erich Maria Remarque.

ANSWER: All Quiet on the Western Front [or Im Westen Nichts Neues]

015-11-41-14104

4. This opera's final aria, "Immenso Ftha", follows a scene set in the Temple of Vulcan. The title character of this opera sings "O patria mia" shortly before meeting with her father, Amonasro. This opera's title character, the romantic rival of Amneris, dies sealed in a vault with her lover, the warrior (*) Radames. This opera premiered in Cairo, since it is set in Egypt where the title character is enslaved. For 10 points, name this Giuseppe Verdi opera about a princess of Ethiopia.

ANSWER: Aida

080-11-41-14105

5. The M13 type of these organisms is used to display peptides in a type of screen. Esther Lederberg discovered a type of them used for specialized transduction. In one experiment, they were either labeled with radioactive phosphorus or sulfur to determine that DNA is the heritable material; that experiment used a blender and was performed by Hershey and Chase. Common types include the (*) T4 and Lambda variants, both of which infect *E. Coli*. For 10 points, name these viruses that infect bacteria.

ANSWER: bacteriophage [prompt on "virus"]

048-11-41-14106

6. **This man sent the French soldier Adrian Woll to capture one city, which occurred four years after a French bombardment during the Pastry War resulted in this man losing a leg. This leader was allowed back to his country from an exile in Cuba, which resulted in his fighting battles at Cerro Gordo and Buena Vista. A decade before, this man was responsible for killing William Travis, James (*) Bowie, and Davy Crockett in their defense of a mission. For 10 points, name this Mexican general and president who fought in the Mexican-American War and at the Battle of the Alamo.**

ANSWER: Antonio Lopez de Santa Anna Perez de Lebron

023-11-41-14107

7. **Thevenin's theorem allows one to reduce a complex circuit to one with just a resistor and this type of source in series. A "divider" of this quantity can be constructed using resistors in series. The sum of this quantity around a loop is zero according to one of Kirchhoff's laws. For two resistors with different resistances in parallel, this quantity is the (*) same, and this quantity is measured across circuit elements. For 10 points, name this quantity that is equal to current times resistance according to Ohm's law.**

ANSWER: voltage [or electric potential difference]

020-11-41-14108

8. **One cause of this event was the requests made by Alexius I to receive help. An ambush at Civetot destroyed an army led in this event by Walter Sansavoir and Peter the Hermit as part of the People's Crusade. This event was started after the Council of Clermont, which had been summoned by Urban II. Leaders for one side in this crusade included Bohemund and Godfrey of Bouillon, who arrived in Constantinople in (*) 1096. For 10 points, name this crusade that ended after the capture of Jerusalem and was the earliest attempted one.**

ANSWER: First Crusade

023-11-41-14109

9. **Abdul Bahah proclaimed, in Bahai, that in the future all people will follow this practice. The Akhand Kirtani Jatha and Namdhari sects of Sikhism uniquely advocate this practice. The Rastafarian doctrine of I-tal is often interpreted and followed as this practice. (*) Ahimsa advocates an extreme version of this practice in Jainism. For 10 points, name this practice followed by many but not all Hindus, who apply the dietary restriction on cattle to all animals.**

ANSWER: vegetarianism

020-11-41-14110

10. **This author wrote to the "Eternal Spirit of the chainless mind" in "The Prisoner of Chillon." This author wrote of a figure who possesses "a mind at peace with all below, a heart whose love is innocent," as well as an incomplete poem detailing how the title Spaniard is sold as a slave by Haidee's father and is continually (*) seduced. For 10 points, name this Romantic poet of "She Walks in Beauty" and *Don Juan* [JOO-uhn] who famously died fighting in the Greek War of Independence.**

ANSWER: Lord Byron [or George Gordon]

141-11-41-14111

11. **This man responded to writings by Daniel Leonard in a series of essays that this man signed Novanglus. This leader sent a delegation that signed the Treaty of Mortefontaine, which ended a 1778 alliance as well as the Quasi War. This President lost popularity during that war for supporting four laws that became known as the Alien and Sedition Acts. That loss of popularity led to the Revolution of (*) 1800, in which this man lost an election to Thomas Jefferson. For 10 points, name this Massachusetts man who served as the second president.**

ANSWER: John Adams [do not accept "John Quincy Adams"]

124-11-41-14112

12. **Orbital resonances with this planet caused the formation of Kirkwood gaps. This planet's four innermost moons include Amalthea and Adrastea. This planet's orbit includes asteroids named Trojans. Pioneer 10 and 11 were the first spacecraft to visit this planet. In 1994, this planet was hit by the comet (*) Shoemaker-Levy 9. A notable feature on this planet is the Great Red Spot, and its moons include Io and Ganymede. For 10 points, name this largest planet in the Solar System.**

ANSWER: Jupiter

140-11-41-14113

13. **One famous statue in this city is of a little girl wearing red shoes, and a new tower in this city is called its namesake Sky Tree. This city's bay is traversed by the Rainbow Bridge, and it is divided into twenty-three "special wards." This city hosted the 1964 Olympics, and includes the (*) Diet Building in the Chiyoda ward. Its other sections include Shinjuku. For 10 points, name this city on the island of Honshu, the capital of Japan.**

ANSWER: Tokyo

048-11-41-14114

14. **As a freshman in 2009, this player led his team in scoring in the game against Missouri that put his team in the Final Four. This point guard credits his agility on the court to his years in a dance troupe, which performed at the Apollo three times. As a junior in 2011, this teammate of Alex Oriakhi and Jeremy Lamb scored 130 points in the Big (*) East tournament and scored sixteen against Butler in the NCAA title game. For 10 points, name this newly drafted Charlotte Bobcat who led Connecticut to the NCAA championship.**

ANSWER: Kemba Hudley Walker

019-11-41-14115

15. **This practice is addressed in James 5:16 and John 20:22, which is why Lutherans maintain it even though most Protestants do not. In Orthodoxy, it is directed to an icon of Christ. In Catholicism, the three parts of this process are (*) disclosure, penance, and contrition. For 10 points, identify this practice which, in Catholicism, is usually made to a priest in private to seek absolution from sins.**

ANSWER: confession

019-11-41-14116

16. **Matthew Arnold defined this idea as "the best that has been thought and known" and paired it with "Anarchy" in a famous essay. This concept appears in the title of a work that advocates the use of "thick description" to understand it. Clifford (*) Geertz wrote about the "Interpretation of" this. Its namesake "relativism" holds that every people should be held to its own standards. For 10 points, name this concept, the sum total of a given people's history, art, customs, and interactions.**

ANSWER: culture [or word forms]

080-11-41-14117

17. **In one work by this author, Santiago and Ambrosio meet up in a dog pound and go to discuss their country's problems in the title bar. This author wrote a novel in which a group of friends form "The Circle" while in a military academy. In one work by this author of *Conversation in the Cathedral* and *The Time of the Hero*, the narrator befriends Pedro (*) Camacho, a soap opera writer, and marries the other title character. For 10 points, name this Nobel Prize-winning author of *Aunt Julia and the Scriptwriter* who hails from Peru.**

ANSWER: Mario Vargas Llosa [YOAH-suh]

124-11-41-14118

18. **This ruler improved religious toleration in his country through the Declaration of Indulgence. Titus Oates claimed that supporters of this man intended to kill his brother and put him on the throne in the Popish Plot. This ruler unsuccessfully led a combined French and Irish army to try and retake his position at the Battle of the Boyne. That position was lost by this man in the (*) Glorious Revolution, which put William and Mary on the throne. For 10 points, name this last Stuart monarch who ruled for only three years before being forced to abdicate as king of England.**

ANSWER: James II of England [or James VII of Scotland; prompt on James]

023-11-41-14119

19. **One work by this artist shows a banker's lamp sitting in front of a man working at a desk while a secretary stands at a filing cabinet. This artist of *Office at Night* also painted a work showing two women eating lunch called *Chop Suey* and depicted the shops of Seventh Avenue in *Early Sunday Morning*. He also painted a nocturnal work showing a woman in a red dress and two men in suits sitting at a bar in a (*) diner. For 10 points, name this American artist of *Nighthawks*.**

ANSWER: Edward Hopper

088-11-41-14120

20. **One work by this man describes an encounter between Sammy and his boss Lengel after three girls enter the title establishment in bathing suits. He also wrote a work that has such characters as coach Marty Tothero and Janice, the the protagonist's wife who drowns their daughter Rebecca June. That character titles installments in which he is (*) "Rich" and "At Rest." For 10 points, name this American author of the short story "A&P" who created former high school basketball star Harry Angstrom in *Rabbit, Run*.**

ANSWER: John Updike

064-11-41-14121

21. **An undulator filled with these particles causes photon emission in a namesake type of laser. These particles were fired at a nickel target in an experiment that showed their wave nature conducted by Davisson and Germer. These particles are "captured" by a neutron in one type of (*) beta decay. Their namesake "affinity" represents the energy change in the formation of a negative ion. For 10 points, name this fermion, the antiparticle of the positron, which is shared by atoms when they bond.**

ANSWER: electrons

142-11-41-14122

22. **During this war, Kurt Christoph Graf von Schwerin tried to convince his king to leave the Battle of Mollwitz. The French were invited to fire first by Charles Hay in this war's Battle of Fontenoy. Being the last British monarch to personally lead troops into battle, George II won this war's Battle of Dettingen. Prussia took control of (*) Silesia as a result of the Treaty of Aix-la-Chapelle that ended this war, which was caused by Charles VI's Pragmatic Sanction. For 10 points, name this 1740 to 1748 war over the legitimacy of Maria Theresa as a Hapsburg ruler.**

ANSWER: War of the Austrian Succession

130-11-41-14123

23. **In one play, this character accidentally enters a grove sacred to the Furies and is given hospitality by King Theseus. This character is exposed at birth with a nail through his foot, but is saved by King Polybus. He appears "at Colonus" in one play, which takes place after he has gouged out his own eyes upon discovering that King (*) Laius was his father. For 10 points, name this subject of two plays by Sophocles, a Theban king who killed his father and married his mother.**

ANSWER: Oedipus [or Oidipous]

080-11-41-14124



1. This work's ending sees the protagonist meet the "Intended" of a dead ivory trader. For 10 points each:
[10] Name this novel in which Marlow finds Kurtz set up as a god in the Belgian Congo. Kurtz cries, "The Horror! The Horror!" just prior to his death.

ANSWER: *Heart of Darkness*

[10] *Heart of Darkness* is a novel by this Polish-born British author. His other works include *Lord Jim*.

ANSWER: Joseph Conrad

[10] This other Joseph Conrad novel's title character is Verloc, who is tasked with blowing up the Greenwich Observatory.

ANSWER: *The Secret Agent*

048-11-41-14201

2. Jack Straw and John Ball were among the accomplices of this man. For 10 points each:

[10] Name this man killed by the Mayor of London in Smithfield after leading the English Peasant's Revolt of 1381.

ANSWER: Wat Tyler

[10] The Peasant's Revolt occurred during the rule of this successor to Edward III, who was dominated by the regent John of Gaunt during the early part of his reign and deposed by Henry IV.

ANSWER: Richard II of England [prompt on Richard]

[10] The Peasant's Revolt was a result, in part, of this pandemic that ravaged Europe in the mid fourteenth century.

ANSWER: Black Death [or bubonic plague; prompt on plague]

064-11-41-14202

3. At the beginning of this novel, the protagonist is expelled from Pencey Prep. For 10 points each:

[10] Name this 1951 novel in which the phoniness of the adult world is lamented by a confused and disillusioned sixteen-year-old named Holden Caulfield.

ANSWER: *The Catcher in the Rye*

[10] This American novelist wrote *The Catcher in the Rye*.

ANSWER: Jerome David Salinger

[10] An older brother tries to stop his younger sister from constantly repeating the "Jesus prayer" in this Salinger work that depicts two members of the Glass family.

ANSWER: *Franny and Zooey*

130-11-41-14203

4. His wife Lee Krasner created several collages, and among this artist's more recognizable works are *Full Fathom Five* and *The Moon Woman Cuts the Circle*. For 10 points each:

[10] Name this American artist and proponent of action painting, who was nicknamed “Jack the Dripper” because his creative process often involved dripping and throwing paint at canvasses.

ANSWER: Jackson **Pollock** [or Paul Jackson **Pollock**]

[10] Jackson Pollock was a member of this artistic movement, whose other members include Arshile Gorky and Willem de Kooning. It focused on raw, emotional, and impulsive images.

ANSWER: **abstract expressionism** [accept word forms; prompt on partial answer]

[10] The National Gallery of Art is home to Pollock’s *No. 1, 1950*, which is better known by a name that refers to its depiction of a “mist” of this color.

ANSWER: **lavender** [accept *Lavender Mist*]

048-11-41-14204

5. This constituent country is governed by the Cynulliad Cenedlaethol Cymru (kin-OO-lee-ad ken-ed-LYE-thol KOM-ree), which was established as part of a 1998 devolution. For 10 points each:

[10] Name this political unit which is home to the city of Swansea and has seen its coal-mining industry decline in prominence even as its Celtic culture has undergone a revival movement.

ANSWER: **Wales** [prompt on **Cymru**]

[10] This city in County Glamorgan overlooks the Bristol Channel at the mouth of the River Taff. It is the capital, largest city, and economic center of Wales.

ANSWER: **Cardiff** [or **Caerdydd**]

[10] This river arises near Mount Pumlumon and flows through Wales and England, including past Worcester Cathedral. It is the longest river on the island of Britain.

ANSWER: **Severn** [or **Hafren**]

019-11-41-14205

6. This process occurs at the cathode of an electrochemical cell. For 10 points each:

[10] Name this process, the opposite of oxidation, in which a compound gains electrons.

ANSWER: **reduction**

[10] The two halves of an electrochemical cell are connected with one of these devices, often made of filter paper, which prevents a buildup of charge difference.

ANSWER: **salt bridge**

[10] Salt bridges often contain this material, derived from algae or seaweed. It is a gelatinous material often used as a medium for bacterial growth.

ANSWER: **agar**

064-11-41-14206

7. Norman Osborn was the Green Goblin in this movie. For 10 points each:

[10] Name this 2002 movie in which an awkward Peter Parker gains super powers after being bitten by a genetically modified arachnid.

ANSWER: **Spider-Man**

[10] This actor played a charismatic burnout named Daniel Desario in *Freaks and Geeks* and Peter Parker’s best friend Harry Osborn in *Spider-Man*.

ANSWER: James **Franco**

[10] James Franco plays Will Rodman, who rescues an infant Caesar, in a 2011 reboot of this 1968 movie in which humans have been enslaved by the title creatures.

ANSWER: **Planet of the Apes**

130-11-41-14207

8. Its eighth movement depicts a walk into the Paris catacombs and is subtitled "With the Dead in a Dead Language". For 10 points each:

[10] Name this 1874 piano suite, which includes such movements as "The Hut on Fowl's Legs" and "The Great Gate of Kiev". It was inspired by a collection of paintings by Victor Hartmann.

ANSWER: **Pictures at an Exhibition** [or **Kartinki s vystavki** – *Vospominaniye o Viktore Gartmane*; or **Pictures from an Exhibition** – *A Remembrance of Viktor Hartmann*]

[10] *Pictures at an Exhibition* was written by this Russian composer, a member of "The Mighty Five". His tone poem *Night on Bald Mountain* made an appearance in Disney's *Fantasia*.

ANSWER: Modest Petrovich **Mussorgsky**

[10] Another movement of *Pictures at an Exhibition* depicts a group of children playing in this Parisian garden.

ANSWER: the **Tuileries** Garden [or the Jardin des **Tuileries**]

048-11-41-14208

9. Ninety-five percent of the devices that use these types of solids are silicon-based. For 10 points each:

[10] Name these types of solids that are considered intermediates between insulators and conductors.

ANSWER: **semi**conductors

[10] Unlike the holes contained in p-type semiconductors, this type of semiconductor contains free electrons.

ANSWER: **n**-type semiconductors

[10] This type of current periodically reverses itself by oscillating between a maximal positive voltage and a minimal negative voltage, in a sine-wave fashion.

ANSWER: **alternating** current [or **AC**]

130-11-41-14209

10. This man was sent to Devil's Island after being arrested for passing artillery information to the Germans, but was later pardoned thanks to the efforts of Georges Picquart. For 10 points each:

[10] Identify this Jewish captain in the French army whose false accusation and arrest caused an uproar.

ANSWER: Alfred **Dreyfuss**

[10] This spy was the actual traitor, though a military tribunal found him not guilty. After shaving his mustache, he fled to Britain and retired.

ANSWER: Ferdinand Walsin **Esterhazy**

[10] After reporting on the trial, Theodore Herzl wrote the book *The Jewish State*. Herzl started this political movement, which sought to create a Jewish national homeland.

ANSWER: **Zionism**

048-11-41-14210

11. In this play, the residents of a small town mistake Khlestakov for the title figure. For 10 points each:

[10] Name this play whose characters include the mayor Anton Antonovich and the eccentric judge Lyapkin-Tyapkin.

ANSWER: *The **Inspector-General*** [or *The **Government Inspector***; or ***Revizor***]

[10] This Ukrainian-born Russian author wrote "The Nose," *Dead Souls*, and *The Inspector-General*.

ANSWER: Nikolai **Gogol**

[10] In this Gogol short story, two thugs steal the title garment from Akaky Akakievich, whose ghost haunts the "person of consequence," a government official who belittled his stolen coat.

ANSWER: "The **Overcoat**" [or "The **Cloak**"; or "**Shinel**"]

079-11-41-14211

12. This work is narrated by Esteban and his granddaughter Alba, and includes information from the diaries kept by Clara. For 10 points each:

[10] Name this novel in which Clara stops speaking for nine years after the accidental poisoning of Rosa the Beautiful.

ANSWER: *The **House of the Spirits*** [or *La **Casa de los Espiritus***]

[10] *The House of the Spirits* is by this Chilean author, whose other novels include *Eva Luna*.

ANSWER: Isabel **Allende** Llona

[10] In *The House of the Spirits*, Esteban and Clara are members of this central family.

ANSWER: **Trueba**

142-11-41-14212

13. One malformation of these organs causes multiple cysts to appear in it, and when these two organs fail to separate, they form a horseshoe shape. For 10 points each:

[10] Identify these bean-shaped organs in the abdomen, responsible for filtering wastes and maintaining electrolyte balances. Its functional unit is the nephron.

ANSWER: **kidney**

[10] This tuft of capillaries at the beginning of a nephron is surrounded by Bowman's capsule. It is responsible for pressure filtration of the blood.

ANSWER: **glomerulus**

[10] The kidney also releases the hormone that produce these cells, sometimes referred to as erythrocytes (eh-RITH-roh-sites)

ANSWER: **red blood** cells

048-11-41-14213

14. Identify some famous museums, for 10 points each.

[10] The *Mona Lisa* was stolen from this museum in 1911 by Vincenzo Peruggia. This Paris landmark also features a glass pyramid designed by I.M. Pei.

ANSWER: the **Louvre** Museum [or the Musée du **Louvre**]

[10] The collection of this national museum of Spain contains such famous works as Goya's two *Majas*, Velazquez's *Los Borrachos*, and Bosch's *Garden of Earthly Delights*.

ANSWER: Museo del **Prado** [or Museo Nacional del **Prado**; or the **Prado** Museum]

[10] This network of museums, featuring sites called St Ives, Liverpool, Britain, and Modern, was originally known as the National Gallery of British Art. It awards the annual Turner Prize.

ANSWER: the **Tate**

147-11-41-14214

15. One of this religion's Three Jewels is the sangha, or community. For 10 points each:

[10] Name this religion, some practitioners of which seek to become perfected arhats, and which has major branches called Theravada and Mahayana.

ANSWER: **Buddhism** [or **Buddhist**]

[10] In order to become an arhat, one must reach this enlightened state of freedom from samsara, or the cycle of rebirth.

ANSWER: **nirvana**

[10] This stage is considered ideal in Mahayana Buddhism. One who has attained nirvana can choose to become an arhat or to stay behind and become one of these figures that can help others.

ANSWER: **bodhisattva**

105-11-41-14215

16. In this work, the author proves that objects outside of his mind must be real because he can “clearly and distinctly” perceive them and that God is not a deceiver. For 10 points each:

[10] Name this work of epistemology in which the author seeks to justify his knowledge by rejecting everything that he cannot prove to be certain.

ANSWER: ***Meditations on First Philosophy***, *In which the existence of God and the immortality of the soul are demonstrated* [or ***Meditationes de prima philosophia, in qua Dei existentia et animæ immortalitas demonstratur***]

[10] The author makes this conclusion about the nature of rational beings in the second part of *Meditations on First Philosophy* after realizing that he has been convinced of something, despite the efforts of a deceiver.

ANSWER: “**I think, therefore I am**” [or “***Cogito ergo sum***”; or “**I am, I exist**”; or obvious equivalents]

[10] *Meditations on First Philosophy* was written by this philosopher who also described a mathematical rule of signs.

ANSWER: René **Descartes**

134-11-41-14216

17. Functions of this type are symmetric about the y-axis. For 10 points each:

[10] Name this type of function in which $f(x)$ (“f of x”) equals $f(-x)$ (“f of negative x”).

ANSWER: **even** function

[10] A common example of an even function is this trigonometric function, which in a right triangle is defined as the adjacent side divided by the hypotenuse.

ANSWER: **cosine** function [prompt on **cos** function]

[10] Another even function is this function defined as $e^x + e^{-x}$ all divided by two.

ANSWER: **hyperbolic cosine** function [prompt on **cosh** function]

064-11-41-14217

18. This man held a referendum on the ratification of the EU constitution, and he became leader of his party a few months after the death of John Smith. For 10 points each:

[10] Identify this British prime minister who was the subject of much controversy for supporting the invasions of Iraq and Afghanistan.

ANSWER: Tony **Blair** [or Anthony Charles Lynton **Blair**]

[10] Tony Blair, with the help of Bill Clinton, negotiated the Good Friday Agreement with this Northern Irish political party. Its name translates as “ourselves,” and it was linked to the provisional IRA.

ANSWER: **Sinn Fein**

[10] Blair became prime minister in 1997 after the defeat of this man's party. This Conservative took over in 1992 from Margaret Thatcher.

ANSWER: John **Major**

048-11-41-14218

19. One participant in this experiment began to scream and curse after only 36 hours. For 10 points each:

[10] Name this 1971 experiment in which volunteers played the roles of guards and inmates in a mock jail.

ANSWER: **Stanford prison** experiment

[10] The Stanford prison experiment was directed by this psychologist, whose works on human psychology include *The Lucifer Effect*.

ANSWER: Philip **Zimbardo**

[10] Zimbardo testified in defense of U.S. soldiers accused of mistreating Iraqi prisoners at this Baghdad jail.

ANSWER: **Abu Ghraib**

132-11-41-14219

20. Union reinforcements under Don Carlos Buell turned the tide of this battle. For 10 points each:

[10] Name this April 1862 battle in which the forces of Confederate generals Albert Sidney Johnston and P.G.T. Beauregard attacked, but were defeated by, those of Ulysses S. Grant.

ANSWER: Battle of **Shiloh** [or Battle of **Pittsburg Landing**]

[10] The Battle of Shiloh took place in this state, which was earlier served by governor and congressman by James K. Polk.

ANSWER: **Tennessee**

[10] Tennessee's secession was opposed most strongly by its eastern section, part of which was governed in the 1780s by this semi-autonomous territory that never became a state.

ANSWER: State of **Franklin**

132-11-41-14220

21. This work's author consciously tried to write in an "American style" in the first half, employing short, direct sentences. For 10 points each:

[10] Name this novel, whose protagonist Meursault comes to accept the indifference of the universe and the absurdity of his life before being executed for killing the Arab.

ANSWER: *The **Stranger*** [or *The **Outsider***; or ***L'Etranger***]

[10] *The Stranger* was written by this French existentialist, who also wrote the novels *The Fall* and *The Plague*.

ANSWER: Albert **Camus** (al-BAIR cam-MOO)

[10] In this philosophical treatise, Camus claimed that suicide is the only serious philosophical problem and analyzed the absurdity of the title figure from Greek mythology.

ANSWER: *The **Myth of Sisyphus*** [or *Le **Mythe de Sisyphé***]

121-11-41-14221