



1. This man's namesake organization broadcast the radio show *Hour of Decision*; that organization is now led by his son Franklin. George W. Bush's story of how this man converted him to Christianity has been discredited. He has been an informal advisor to U.S. Presidents since Eisenhower. For 10 points, name this preacher known for his televised "crusades" in the 1950s.

ANSWER: William Franklin **Graham**, Jr. [or Billy **Graham**]

131-11-60-01101

2. This man left the general of his father, Antipater, as regent when he left to fight in the east. This ruler defeated Darius III at Gaugamela and Issus during his invasion of Persia, but was less fortunate when he invaded India. For 10 points, name this son of Philip II, an ancient Greek conqueror.

ANSWER: **Alexander the Great** [or **Alexander III** of Macedonia; prompt on **Alexander**]

023-11-60-01102

3. This work's author retells a story originating from Psalamanazar. It claims that sellers will earn eight shillings net profit per transaction, and ends by noting that its author will not earn money from the proposed scheme, as his youngest child is nine. For 10 points, name this essay in which Jonathan Swift satirically suggests eating Irish babies.

ANSWER: "A **Modest Proposal** for Preventing the Children of Poor People in Ireland from Being a Burden to Their Parents or Country, and for Making Them Beneficial to the Public"

003-11-60-01103

4. This man faced charges of illegally unloading 100 pipes of wine from the *Liberty* in 1768; earlier, he refused to allow another ship of his, the *Lydia*, to be searched. This man went with Sam Adams to Lexington before the battle there. For 10 points, name this first signer of the Declaration of Independence, known for his large signature.

ANSWER: John **Hancock**

088-11-60-01104

5. One ruler of this dynasty funded Zheng He's explorations and moved the capital to Beijing. The first ruler of this era came to power after the Red Turban Rebellion. That leader, the Hongwu Emperor, took power from the Mongul Yuan dynasty. For 10 points, name this Chinese dynasty that ruled from 1368 to 1644 and created the Forbidden City.

ANSWER: **Ming** Dynasty

005-11-60-01105

6. One painting by this man depicts two women, one in red beneath a tree and one in grey near a body of water. In addition to *Evening in Arcady*, this artist created a four-painting series following a man and angel from *Childhood* to *Old Age* in addition to a series including *The Savage State* and *Desolation*. For 10 points, name this member of the Hudson River School who painted the *Voyage of Life* and *Course of Empire* series.

ANSWER: Thomas **Cole**

141-11-60-01106

7. This ruler, along with an eastern neighbor, was victorious at the Battle of Solferino. Felice Orsini tried to assassinate this ruler, who was captured at the Battle of Sedan. He ruled over the Second Empire. For 10 points, name this emperor of France who was nephew to an earlier emperor.

ANSWER: **Napoleon III** [or **Louis-Napoleon** Bonaparte; prompt on **Napoleon**]

124-11-60-01107

8. This war saw the death of Simon de Montfort during a siege, and Louis VIII helped end this war by capturing Avignon. This war was instigated by Raymond VI of Toulouse. This crusade was called by the same Pope who earlier called the Fourth Crusade, Innocent III. For 10 points, name this crusade directed against the heretical Cathars in southern France.

ANSWER: **Albigensian** Crusade [or **Cathar** Crusade until "Cathars" is read]

014-11-60-01108

9. This man gave a speech comparing his rival to Yazid I and denouncing the White Revolution. He insisted on a counter invasion that extended his country's eight year war with Iraq. This man issued a fatwa against Salman Rushdie ten years after overthrowing Mohammad Reza Pahlavi. For 10 points, name this ayatollah who led the Islamic Revolution in Iran in 1979.

ANSWER: Ruhollah **Khomeini** [or Ruhollah **Musavi**]

015-11-60-01109

10. One character in this novel negatively interprets the sign of a meteor in the sky and is later revealed to have marked his chest when he tears open his clothes atop a scaffold. In this novel, whose characters include Reverence Dimmesdale, the title object is worn by Hester Prynne as punishment for her adultery. For the point, name this novel by Nathaniel Hawthorne.

ANSWER: *The **Scarlet Letter***

014-11-60-01110



1. This action was forced after one leader received advice from the German generals Alexander von Falkenhausen and Hans von Seeckt, resulting in the Fifth Encirclement campaign. One group that took part in this action was led by Zhu De, who led this action out the Jiangxi (JEE-ahng-SHEE) Soviet. Only 8,000 people arrived at this action's final destination, Yan'an. For 10 points, name this 1934 to 1935 retreat by the Chinese Communist Party, which trekked 6,000 miles across China.

ANSWER: **Long March**

147-11-60-01101

BONUS: One of the other leaders of the Red Army during the Long March was which first Premier of the People's Republic of China who served from 1949 until his death in 1976?

ANSWER: **Zhou** Enlai [or **Chou** En-lai]

147-11-60-0110-1

2. Prior to this battle, George Crook's men had been surprised and defeated at the Battle of the Rosebud. This battle's outset saw the charge of Marcus Reno turn into a rout when his left flank was turned by forces under Gall. That force was only saved by reinforcements under Frederick Benden. This battle ended with five companies of the Seventh Cavalry being completely destroyed. For 10 points, name this 1876 battle that saw Sitting Bull and Crazy Horse's Sioux and Cheyenne force annihilate forces under George Custer.

ANSWER: Battle of **Little Big Horn** [or Battle of **Greasy Grass** Creek; accept **Custer's Last Stand** before "George Custer"]

141-11-60-01102

BONUS: One earlier episode in the Indian Wars was the Colorado War, which included what massacre of Cheyenne and Arapaho women and children by the U.S. Army?

ANSWER: **Sand Creek** Massacre [or **Chivington** Massacre]

141-11-60-0110-1

3. One result of this event was the establishment of the Despotate of Epirus. This event also resulted in the removal from power of Alexius Murtzuphlus, as well as Alexius III and Alexius IV. This crusade's original leader, Theobald III of Champagne, died before it left and was replaced by Boniface of Montferrat. This crusade conquered Zara in order to pay off its debt to Venice. For 10 points, name this crusade that failed to reach the Holy Land after it sacked Constantinople.

ANSWER: **Fourth** Crusade

135-11-60-01103

BONUS: This doge set up the deal between the Fourth Crusade and Venice that resulted in the attacks on Zara and Constantinople.

ANSWER: Enrico **Dandolo**

135-11-60-0110-1

4. As minister of munitions, this man fought for the development of tanks. This man was appointed First Lord of the Admiralty by Herbert Asquith. This man urged an attack on "the under-belly" at a meeting in Casablanca. This man gave a speech praising his nation's "finest hour," and he succeeded a man who believed he had achieved "peace in our time." This man formed a "grand alliance" with the USSR and USA. For 10 points, name this successor of Neville Chamberlain as prime minister of Great Britain during World War II.

ANSWER: Winston Leonard Spencer **Churchill**

105-11-60-01104

BONUS: Along with Joseph Stalin and Franklin Roosevelt, Winston Churchill attended what conference held on the Crimean Peninsula, at which they discussed German occupation zones and Polish democracy?

ANSWER: **Yalta** Conference

105-11-60-0110-1

5. The sequel to one of this man's works consists entirely of the direction "In a situation provided with maximum amplification, perform a disciplined action." His fourth *Imaginary Landscape* calls for twelve radios, while his *Sonatas and Interludes* was written for an instrument he invented called the "prepared piano." His best-known work, meant to evoke the sounds of the environment, is played by sitting silently at a piano. For 10 points, name this avant-garde 20th-century composer of 4' 33".

ANSWER: John Milton **Cage**

138-11-60-01105

BONUS: John Cage's *Cheap Imitation* is based in part on this French composer's *Socrate*. This man composed three *Gymnopedies*.

ANSWER: Erik **Satie** [or Eric Alfred Leslie **Satie**]

138-11-60-0110-1

6. Generals Phillips, Arnold, and Cornwallis conspired to destroy 10,000 hogsheads of this substance. The Chesapeake Consignment System dictated how this substance would be sold overseas. George Washington and Thomas Jefferson nearly went bankrupt after its prices fell precipitously. Colonial sentiment soared after Britain switched to Turkish and Egyptian-grown varieties of it. This substance was first grown in the United States from seeds brought from Trinidad by John Rolfe. For 10 points, name this nicotine-containing drug.

ANSWER: **tobacco**

020-11-60-01106

BONUS: Name this kind of inland tax levied on the sale and production of such products as alcohol and tobacco.

ANSWER: **excise** tax [or **sin** tax; or **duty** of excise special tax]

020-11-60-0110-1

7. This man proposed a system of government in which the presidential candidate is chosen from a state picked in a lottery. He also criticized the Catholic Church in *The Age of Reason*. In another work he criticized the lack of loyalty in "the summer soldier" after noting that "these are the times that try men's souls". In addition to *The American Crisis*, this man wrote a pamphlet which claimed that it is absurd for an island to rule a continent. For 10 points, name this American author of *Common Sense*.

ANSWER: Thomas **Paine**

064-11-60-01107

BONUS: Thomas Paine was an adherent of what form of religion, popular among the founding fathers, which used scientific observations to justify the existence of a god?

ANSWER: **deism** [or word forms like **deist**]

064-11-60-0110-1

8. The first of the original seven members of this project to die was Gus Grissom. Some employees of this project were Gordo Cooper, Deke Slayton, and Alan Shepard. This project was written about in *The Right Stuff* by Tom Wolfe. This project's goal was realized about Friendship 7 by John Glenn. For 10 points, name this project whose goal was to put an American into orbit around the Earth.

ANSWER: Project **Mercury**

137-11-60-01108

BONUS: This American space station reentered the atmosphere and disintegrated ahead of schedule in 1979. It preceded the uncompleted Space Station Freedom.

ANSWER: **Skylab**

137-11-60-0110-1



POPES

Which Pope...

1. Started the First Crusade?

ANSWER: Pope **Urban II** [or Otho de **Lagery**; prompt on **Urban**]

2. Was a Medici who excommunicated Martin Luther?

ANSWER: Pope **Leo X** [or **Giovanni** di Lorenzo de'**Medici**; prompt on **Leo**]

3. Was a Medici who refused to annul the marriage of Henry VIII?

ANSWER: Pope **Clement VII** [or **Giulio** di Giuliano de'**Medici**; prompt on **Clement**]

4. Introduced his namesake calendar in the bull *Inter gravissimas*?

ANSWER: Pope **Gregory XIII** [or Ugo **Boncampagni**; prompt on **Gregory**]

5. Crowned Charlemagne Holy Roman Emperor?

ANSWER: Pope **Leo III** [prompt on **Leo**]

6. Was nicknamed the "Warrior Pope" and was the patron of Michelangelo?

ANSWER: Pope **Julius II** [or Giuliano della **Rovere**; prompt on **Julius**]

7. Issued the bull *Unam sanctam* and feuded with Dante?

ANSWER: Pope **Boniface VIII** [or Benedetto **Caetani**; prompt on **Boniface**]

8. Tried Galileo for heresy and built the baldacchino in St. Peter's Basilica?

ANSWER: Pope **Urban VIII** [or Maffeo **Barberini**; prompt on **Urban**]

105-11-60-0110-1

## EUROPEAN RULING HOUSES

Which European Ruling House...

1. Included such men as Charles V who ruled the Holy Roman Empire, Spain, and eventually Austria-Hungary?

ANSWER: House of **Habsburg**

2. Ruled England during the reign of the Catholic kings James I and Charles I?

ANSWER: House of **Stuart**

3. Ruled France following the reign of the House of Valois, and included kings such as Louis XIV and XVI?

ANSWER: House of **Bourbon**

4. Ruled Romania in addition to Prussia and Germany with rulers such as Frederick the Great?

ANSWER: House of **Hohenzollern**

5. Beginning with Michael, ruled Russia until the death of Nicholas II in 1918?

ANSWER: House of **Romanov**

6. Ruled the Kingdom of Piedmont-Sardinia until Italian Unification, after which it became the ruling house of Italy?

ANSWER: House of **Savoy**

7. At times provided Kings for Sweden and Poland, in addition to Bavaria, including rulers such as Ludwig the Mad?

ANSWER: House of **Wittelsbach**

8. Ruled Poland as well as the union of Poland-Lithuania from the late fourteenth century until 1572?

ANSWER: House of **Jagiellon**

141-11-60-0110-1

## CHINESE LEADERS

Which Chinese leader...

1. Led the Communist Party of China on the Long March?

ANSWER: **Mao** Zedong [or **Mao** Tse-tung]

2. Fled to Taiwan with the KMT after losing the civil war to Mao?

ANSWER: **Chiang** Kai-shek [or **Chiang** Chieh-shih; or **Jiang** Jieshi; or **Chiang** Chung-cheng]

3. Espoused the "Three Principles of the People" and founded the KMT?

ANSWER: **Sun** Yat-sen [or **Sun** Yixian; or **Sun** I-hsien; or **Sun** Wen; or **Sun** Zhongshan]

4. Accepted Marco Polo into his court?

ANSWER: **Kublai** Khan

5. Presided over the puppet state of Manchukuo and was known as the "Last Emperor"?

ANSWER: Henry **Puyi** [or **P'u-i**; or **Xuantong**]

6. Ruled as a regent for Pu Yi and was known as the Empress Dowager?

ANSWER: **Cixi** [or **Tz'u-hsi**; or **Xitaihou**; or **Xiaoqin** Xianhuanghou]

7. Was a leader of the Jurchens who established the Qing Dynasty?

ANSWER: **Nurhachi** [or **Nurhachu**; or **Kundulun** Khan; or **Tianming**; or **Gerem Gurun Be Ujire Genggiyen**]

8. Thought he was the brother of Jesus and led the Taiping Rebellion?

ANSWER: **Hong** Xiuquan [or **Hung** Hsiu-ch'uan; or **Hong** Renkun]

066-11-60-0110-1



1. **Early colonists referred to this body of water as the “North River” and the Delaware as the “South River.” This river’s highest source is (+) Lake Tear of the Clouds, which is on the southwest slope of Mount Marcy. The George (\*) Washington Bridge spans this river. For 10 points, name this river, which rises in the Adirondack Mountains and forms the border between New York City and New Jersey.**

ANSWER: **Hudson** River [or Great **Mohegan**; or **North** River until mentioned]

052-11-60-01101

2. **This man's Edict of Expulsion expelled Jews from England. He was held hostage after the (+) Battle of Lewes by a group of barons rebelling against his father, (\*) Henry III. This king destroyed Welsh autonomy, and gained the nickname "Hammer of the Scots" for such victories as at the Battle of Falkirk against William Wallace. For 10 points, name this English king with the nickname "Longshanks."**

ANSWER: **Edward I** of England [or **Edward Longshanks**; prompt on **Edward**]

015-11-60-01102

3. **This man authored a bill to keep federal courts from hearing cases about abortion called the “We the People Act.” This politician stated that a certain entity is corrupt, unconstitutional, and is to blame for rapid inflation of currency in his book (+) *End the Fed*. He also supported federal decriminalization of drugs in his 1988 campaign. (\*) For 10 points, name this libertarian Texas congressman and current candidate for the Republican nomination for President.**

ANSWER: **Ronald Ernest Paul** [prompt on **Paul**]

134-11-60-01103

4. **In one song, this man has “the gentle folk around him, They say he's grown so ternal proud (+), he will not ride without them.” That song is (\*) “Yankee Doodle.” This man's opponents supposedly played a song whose lyrics are about a ban on Christmas celebrations, “The World Turned Upside Down,” at one of his victories. For 10 points, name this first American president.**

ANSWER: George **Washington**

121-11-60-01104

5. **This man went into exile in the United States with his brothers Montpensier (dook-duh-mown-pen-see-ay) and Beaujolais (cohmp-t-duh-boh-joh-lay) (+). Adolph Thiers (tee-air) declared him to be the 'citizen king' after Charles X was deposed (\*), ending the Bourbon dynasty. For 10 points, name this duc d'Orleans (dook-dohr-lay-awn) who reigned as king of France until the Revolution of 1848.**

ANSWER: **Louis-Philippe I**

124-11-60-01105

6. **One side in this case received counsel from Albion Tourgée. Henry Billings Brown wrote this case's majority opinion, with the (+) only dissent coming from John Harlan. The thirteenth and fourteenth amendments (\*) did not protect the defendant, who was arrested for riding in the white section of a Louisiana railroad car. For 10 points, name this 1896 case that upheld the 'separate but equal' doctrine.**

ANSWER: *Homer A. **Plessy v. Ferguson***

124-11-60-01106

7. **This leader used his mechanic skills in a prisoner of war camp before escaping to live with Khirgiz nomads. While in prison, this leader took classes from Mosa Pijado with other communists. This leader had the Catholic archbishop (+) Aloysius Stepinac thrown in jail for cooperating with Nazis. He executed Mihailovich, the leader of the Chetniks who took credit for the victories of this leader's guerrilla (\*) Partisans.** This leader helped start the Non-Aligned Movement as a Communist leader who defied the Soviets. For 10 points, name this leader of Yugoslavia during World War II.

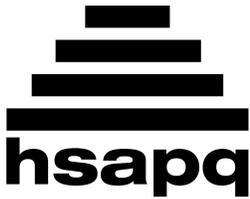
ANSWER: Josip Broz **Tito** [or Josip **Broz**]

124-11-60-01107

8. **This monarch's wife had an affair with the German Ambassador Joachim von Ribbentrop. The Church of England and prime minister (+) Stanley Baldwin frowned on this ruler's affair with a divorced American socialite (\*) named Wallis Simpson, but he could not rule without her support.** For 10 points, name this British monarch who became the only one to abdicate the throne in 1936.

ANSWER: **Edward VIII** of England [or **Edward Albert Christian George Andrew Patrick David;**  
prompt on **Edward**]

124-11-60-01108



**This ruler's spymaster Francis Walsingham successfully foiled the Throckmorton Plot as well as the (+) Babington Plot, and arranged for the execution of Mary, Queen of Scots. In one speech, this ruler claimed to have "the heart and stomach of a king." Succeeding her sister (\*) Bloody Mary, for 10 points, name this Virgin Queen of England whose forces defeated Philip II's Spanish Armada.**

ANSWER: **Elizabeth I** of England [prompt on **Elizabeth**]

126-11-60-0110-1

BONUS: Michael Steele served as Lieutenant Governor of what state, which was led by Spiro Agnew from 1967 to 1969?

ANSWER: **Maryland**

015-11-60-0110-1