



1. This city was the site of a renovation conducted by Baron Haussmann. It was the site of major student strikes in May of 1968. In *A Moveable Feast*, Ernest Hemingway describes the adventures of the "Lost Generation" in this city. It was officially the capital of the Vichy government. For 10 points, name this city on the Seine, the capital of France.

ANSWER: Paris

015-11-38-03101

2. This man was nearly dismissed on the Day of the Dupes, but persuaded his king to exile his mother, Marie de Medici, instead. This man was succeeded by Jean Mazarin and, though Catholic, this man's opposition to the Hapsburgs led his nation to side with the Protestants in the Thirty Years' War. For 10 points, name this chief minister to Louis XIII.

ANSWER: Cardinal Richelieu [or Armand Jean du Plessis]

122-11-38-03102

3. The Khodynka Tragedy occurred during this man's coronation. The October Manifesto was written during his time in power, which also saw the completion of the Trans-Siberian Railway. This man's son received help from the mystic Rasputin, who seemingly helped his hemophilia. For 10 points, name this last tsar of Russia who was executed with his family in 1918.

ANSWER: Nicholas II of Russia [or Nikolay Aleksandrovich; prompt on Nicholas]

064-11-38-03103

4. Phineas P. Quimby inspired this religion's founder to claim that diseases could heal with no medicine. This religious sect believes heaven and hell are not real and God is all-in-all. This religion's Mother Church is in Boston and adherents meet in Reading Rooms. For 10 points, name this Christian sect founded by Mary Baker Eddy that publishes *The Monitor*.

ANSWER: Christian Science [or Church of Christ, Scientist]

124-11-38-03104

5. The President got military authorization from the OAS during this event under the Rio Treaty. Richard Heyser took 928 photos in his U2 plane, leading to this event. In an agreement ending it, Jupiter missiles were later removed from Turkey. For 10 points, name this event in 1962 that saw a standoff between the U.S. and the USSR over weapons in the Caribbean.

ANSWER: Cuban Missile Crisis

135-11-38-03105

6. The earliest cemetery at this site was at Cole's Hill. Myles Standish led the militia of this colony, governed in its early years by William Bradford. Members of this colony were aided by the Wampanoag tribe led by Massasoit, as well as by Squanto. For 10 points, name this British colony founded by the Pilgrims in Massachusetts in 1620.

ANSWER: Plymouth Bay Colony

064-11-38-03106

7. This ruler was allegedly succeeded by Smenkhkare. He established a capital city at Amarna. This man was married to Nefertiti. His son Tutankhamun reversed many of his domestic policies, which began when this man changed his name from Amenhotep IV. For 10 points, name this Egyptian pharaoh noted for introducing monotheistic worship centered on the sun.

ANSWER: **Akhenaten** [or **Echnaton**; or **Amenophis IV**; or **Amenhotep IV** until mentioned; prompt on **Amenhotep**; prompt on **Amenophis**]

052-11-38-03107

8. A U.S. corporation named for this resource was co-founded by Charles Schwab, its first president. A strike by workers of a company producing this resource was led against Henry Clay Frick in Homestead. That company making this alloy was centered in Pittsburgh and started by Andrew Carnegie. For 10 points, name this alloy of carbon and iron.

ANSWER: **steel**

020-11-38-03108

9. This city is home to two artificial lakes formed by the river Alster. Situated between Lower Saxony and Schleswig-Holstein, it is a federated state in its own right. Its port on the river Elbe is the fourth-largest in Europe. For 10 points, name this second-largest city in Germany.

ANSWER: **Hamburg**

029-11-38-03109

10. This country is home to the Grameen Bank, which was founded by Nobel Prize winner Mohammed Yunus to give microcredit. Mujibar Rahman's Awami League became the dominant party in this nation when they became independent and ceased to be East Pakistan. For 10 points, name this country in eastern Bengal with its capital at Dhaka.

ANSWER: Peoples' Republic of **Bangladesh** [or Gana Prajatantri **Bangladesh**]

027-11-38-03110



1. This politician was largely responsible for the terms set during the negotiation of Jay's Treaty. One analysis made by this man proposed that the U.S. should assume all of the debt held by its states, and another work by this man supported laws protecting domestic industry. This writer of the *Report on Manufactures* was also responsible for the establishment of the First Bank of the U.S., and, with Madison and Jay, wrote the *Federalist Papers*. For 10 points, name this first Secretary of the Treasury.

ANSWER: Alexander **Hamilton**

121-11-38-03101

BONUS: What artist painted the portrait of Hamilton used on the ten-dollar bill, as well as the depiction of the signing of the Declaration used on the two-dollar bill?

ANSWER: John **Trumbull**

121-11-38-0310-1

2. As Chancellor of the Exchequer, this man created a finance bill that did away with paper duties. He instituted voting reform via the Third Reform Act, passed in 1884. He decried the Conservative support of the Ottomans in his Midlothian campaign, which is often credited as an early example of political campaigning. He was also blamed for the death of General Gordon. This prime minister was a proponent of Irish Home Rule. For 10 points, name this four-time Liberal British prime minister and rival of Benjamin Disraeli.

ANSWER: William Ewart **Gladstone**

127-11-38-03102

BONUS: William Gladstone was known to have poor relations with which Queen of England, who assumed the title Empress of India in 1876?

ANSWER: Alexandrina **Victoria**

127-11-38-0310-1

3. The disclosure of this event led to the resignation of Metropolitan Police Commissioner Paul Stephenson and Assistant Commissioner John Yates. The first person to come forward about this scandal was Sean Hoare. This scandal led to the arrest of Rebekah Brooks and Andy Coulson, who served as Director of Communications for David Cameron. For 10 points, name this scandal involving Rupert Murdoch's media empire, in which News of the World employees illegally accessed voicemails of celebrities, the royal family, and others.

ANSWER: News International **phone hacking** scandal [or News of the World **phone hacking** scandal or other obvious equivalents]

023-11-38-03103

BONUS: What leader of the Labour Party and the Opposition to Cameron in Britain has been outspoken against the phone hacking scandal and Rupert Murdoch's control of much of the media?

ANSWER: Edward Samuel **Miliband**

023-11-38-0310-1

4. This man accompanied agent John Skinner to secure the release of Dr. William Beanes from the British. This man's most notable poem claims "And this be our motto, 'In God we trust,'" sung to the tune of "Anacreon of Heaven." While imprisoned on a British truce ship during the War of 1812, he watched the Battle of Baltimore and wrote "The Defense of Fort McHenry," which extols "the land of the free and the home of the brave." For 10 points, name this author of the lyrics to "The Star-Spangled Banner."

ANSWER: Francis Scott **Key**

080-11-38-03104

BONUS: An additional stanza to "The Star-Spangled Banner" was written by this poet, who penned the work "Old Ironsides" in honor of the USS *Constitution*.

ANSWER: Oliver Wendell **Holmes Sr.**

052-11-38-0310-1

5. After the removal from the presidency of Hipolito Irigoyen in this country, it went through the "Infamous Decade." Other leaders of this nation included Leopoldo Galtieri, Jorge Videla, and Arturo Frondizi, whose time in power saw the abduction from this country of Adolf Eichmann. One leader of this country had the support of the descamisados, or "shirtless ones." That leader was succeeded by his third wife Isabel and was also married to Eva. For 10 points, name this nation ruled in the twentieth century by Juan Peron.

ANSWER: **Argentina** [or **Argentine Republic**; or Republica **Argentina**]

064-11-38-03105

BONUS: After he was deposed as president, Juan Peron was rescued in a boat sent by which Paraguayan dictator and member of the Colorado party?

ANSWER: Alfredo **Stroessner** Matiauda

064-11-38-0310-1

6. This event was sparked in part by the arrival of the *Eleanor* and *Beaver* at Griffin's Wharf. This event grew out of a series of talks at the Old South Meeting House. The response to this event was the passage of the Intolerable Acts, which closed off one city's port. This event resulted in three hundred and forty-two chests owned by the East India Company being dumped out by men dressed like Native Americans. For 10 points, name this 1773 event that occurred in a harbor in Massachusetts.

ANSWER: **Boston Tea Party**

147-11-38-03106

BONUS: Along with the *Eleanor* and *Beaver*, this ship was involved in the Boston Tea Party, and it shares its name with an Ivy League school.

ANSWER: **Dartmouth**

147-11-38-0310-1

7. Several previously unknown parts of this structure were revealed in a 1994 radar scan conducted by the space shuttle *Endeavor*. It is decorated with several hundred statues of *apsaras*, and is arranged to simulate the position of the mythical Mount Meru. It was built in the twelfth century by Suryavarman (SUR-yuh-var-mun) II, and its walls depict scenes from Hindu epics. For 10 points, name this temple complex devoted to Vishnu, which is found in Cambodia.

ANSWER: **Angkor Wat**

019-11-38-03107

BONUS: Several parts of Angkor Wat constitute what sort of building, a mound-shaped Buddhist temple that contains a relic?

ANSWER: **stupa**

019-11-38-0310-1

8. This monarch ascended to the throne after the death of George VI and then quickly embarked on a tour of Australia and New Zealand. This ruler presided over many colonies achieving independence, including Rhodesia and Nigeria. This monarch's son Charles divorced Lady Diana Spencer before her death in a car accident. For 10 points, name this current Queen of the United Kingdom.

ANSWER: **Elizabeth II** of England [or **Elizabeth Alexandra Mary**; prompt on **Elizabeth**]

137-11-38-03108

BONUS: Elizabeth II is a member of this British royal house founded by George V, who changed the name of the house from Saxe-Coburg and Gotha because of anti-German sentiment.

ANSWER: House of **Windsor**

137-11-38-0310-1



CHINESE DYNASTIES

Which Chinese Dynasty...

1. Lends its name to the largest Chinese ethnic group and was ruled by Wudi?

ANSWER: **Han** Dynasty

2. United the Warring States and was ruled by Shi Huangdi, who built the Terracotta Army?

ANSWER: **Qin** Dynasty

3. Sent attempts to conquer Japan foiled by kamikaze, or 'divine winds,' and was ruled by men such as Kublai Khan?

ANSWER: **Yuan** Dynasty [or **Mongol** Dynasty]

4. Was the last one, overthrown by the Republic?

ANSWER: **Qing** (ching) Dynasty [or **Manchu** Dynasty]

5. Fought the An Lushan Rebellion and saw the poetry of Li Po and Du Fu?

ANSWER: **Tang** Dynasty

6. Wrote on objects known as Oracle Bones and was succeeded by the Zhou?

ANSWER: **Shang** Dynasty

7. Is possibly mythical, was established by Yu the Great and is the first Chinese dynasty?

ANSWER: **Xia** Dynasty [or **Hsia** Dynasty]

8. Fought a series of wars against the Goguryeo and built the Grand Canal?

ANSWER: **Sui** Dynasty

141-11-38-0310-1

EUROPEAN LEADERS

Which twentieth century European leader....

1. Was leader of the New Labour Party before being succeeded by Gordon Brown?

ANSWER: Tony **Blair** [or Anthony Charles Lynton **Blair**]

2. Founded the French Fifth Republic and served as its first president?

ANSWER: Charles Andre Joseph Marie **de Gaulle**

3. Became king of Spain after Francisco Franco's death?

ANSWER: **Juan Carlos** I of Spain [or **Juan Carlos** Alfonso Victor Maria de Borbon y Borbon]

4. Is worth over seven billion dollars and owns the football club AC Milan?

ANSWER: Silvio **Berlusconi**

5. Was the first president who belonged to the Socialist Party of France?

ANSWER: Francois Maurice-Marie **Mitterand**

6. Served as Chancellor of Germany during the German reunification?

ANSWER: Helmut **Kohl**

7. Ruled Monaco for over fifty years and married actress Grace Kelly?

ANSWER: **Rainier III** of Monaco [or **Rainier Louis-Henri-Maxence-Bertrand de Grimaldi**; prompt on **Rainier**]

8. Served as First Secretary of the Party of Labour of Albania after WWII?

ANSWER: Enver **Hoxha**

138-11-38-0310-1

PRIME MINISTERS

Which European prime minister...

1. Led the UK through World War I and was its last Liberal prime minister?

ANSWER: David **Lloyd George**

2. Oversaw the unification of Germany and championed Realpolitik?

ANSWER: Otto Eduard Leopold von **Bismarck**

3. Was known as the Tiger and hosted the Paris Peace Conference?

ANSWER: Georges **Clemenceau**

4. Founded the newspaper *Il Risorgimento* and was the first prime minister of Italy?

ANSWER: Camille Benso, Count of **Cavour** [or Camillo **Benso**]

5. Repealed the Corn Laws and founded a police force?

ANSWER: Robert **Peel**

6. Co-proposed a pact outlawing war in between terms as prime minister of France?

ANSWER: Aristide **Briand**

7. Represented Italy at the Paris Peace Conference?

ANSWER: Vittorio Emanuele **Orlando**

8. Also served as president of France during World War I?

ANSWER: Raymond **Poincare**

105-11-38-0310-1



1. **Churchmen opposing this man included Bishop of Hereford and the Prioress of Kirklees. Among his allies were Richard at the Lee, who is (+) loaned money to repay an abbot. Much the Miller's Son was one of his followers, and he also gained allies at the May Games, (*) Friar Tuck and Maid Marian.** For 10 points, name this opponent of the Sheriff of Nottingham, a legendary bow-wielding English outlaw who hid with Little John and his Merry Men in Sherwood Forest.

ANSWER: **Robin Hood**

147-11-38-03101

2. **This hero killed several sea monsters during a swimming competition with Breca. After his rival leaves the head of Aeschere at the top of a cliff, this hero uses his enemy's sword to kill that rival when (+) Hrunting fails him. Hygelac is killed by the Shyflings, after which this man rules his country until a thief steals a cup, angering a dragon. This hero is killed by venom while fighting that dragon with (*) Wiglaf. While in an underwater lair, this hero decapitated his dead enemy whose severed arm he had earlier hung in the banquet hall of Heorot owned by Hrothgar.** For 10 points, name this hero who kills Grendel and Grendel's mother in an Old English epic.

ANSWER: **Beowulf**

124-11-38-03102

3. **This group long failed to eliminate such nuisances as the anarchic Likedeelers and Victual Brothers. Representatives of this group enjoyed extraterritoriality at their London enclave, known as the Steel Yard. This group was the chief beneficiary of the (+) Peace of Stralsund, signed with Waldemar IV of Denmark. Its "kontore" were found in Bremen, Novgorod, and London, as well as at its administrative center, (*) Luebeck.** For 10 points, identify this German-dominated association of trading towns which controlled Northern European shipping in the late medieval period.

ANSWER: **Hanseatic League** [or **Hansa**; or **Hanse**]

019-11-38-03103

4. **In *The Literal Meaning of Genesis*, this writer contradicted contemporaries who practiced astrology. This writer describes how to teach Scripture in *On Christian Doctrine*. He detailed in one work an instance where being in the company of sinners influenced him to (+) steal pears. This writer proposed in another work written shortly after the sack of Rome that that the community of believers was an entity separate from the (*) Earthly City. That work is *City of God*. This man detailed his youthful belief in Manichaeism and conversion to Christianity in *Confessions*.** For 10 points, name this Christian theologian and Church Doctor, a Bishop of Hippo.

ANSWER: **Augustine** of Hippo [or Saint **Augustine**; or Blessed **Augustine**; accept Saint **Austin**; accept Saint **Augoustinos**]

122-11-38-03104

5. **Ibrahim Ahmad was arrested but released during the investigation of this event. Joseph Hartzler was the lead prosecutor against the convicted perpetrators of this event, including Michael Fortier. After this event, several states passed laws requiring identification in order to buy (+) ammonium nitrate. The ringleader of this attack reportedly chose his target because an alternative had a florist's shop on the first floor. Terry Nichols collaborated on this attack, which commemorated incidents at (*) Ruby Ridge and Waco. For 10 points, name this attack on the Alfred P. Murrah Federal Building in a state capital, masterminded by Timothy McVeigh.**

ANSWER: **Oklahoma City bombing** [or obvious equivalents]

131-11-38-03105

6. **This man was chair of the General Advisory Committee to the Atomic Energy Commission when Lewis Strauss successfully had this man's security clearance revoked, partially as a result of the testimony of (+) Edward Teller. This man posed with Leslie Groves near the remains of a tower at a site codenamed "Trinity". This man headed the (*) Los Alamos site of a joint project between the United States, United Kingdom and Canada. For 10 points, name this head of the Manhattan Project's weapon laboratory and "father of the atomic bomb."**

ANSWER: Julius Robert **Oppenheimer**

066-11-38-03106

7. **The USS *Olympia* was the flagship of one fleet during this war. It occurred following the publicized atrocities of "Butcher" Weyer. One battle in this war saw fighting for control of (+) Kettle Hill and involved a unit of troops led by Leonard Wood. A commander in this war told Gridley "you may fire when ready" in a battle that featured only one death from heatstroke for that man's side. That commander, (*) George Dewey, won the Battle of Manila Bay. This war was fueled by yellow journalism and saw the Battle of San Juan Hill, fought partly by the Rough Riders. For 10 points, name this war sparked by the explosion of the USS *Maine*.**

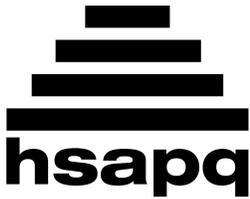
ANSWER: **Spanish-American** War

064-11-38-03107

8. **Ryan DeGraffenreid blocked a constitutional amendment in this state revising gubernatorial term limits. The Cahaba Boys were a terrorist group based in this state, the home of (+) Bull Connor. In this state's "Bloody Sunday," protesters were blocked from crossing the Edmund Pettis Bridge. In addition to that march beginning in Selma, Robert Chambliss was convicted of (*) bombing the 16th Street Baptist Church in this state. The "Stand in the Schoolhouse Door" was performed by a governor of this state named George Wallace. For 10 points, name this state home to Rosa Parks, in which Martin Luther King, Jr., organized a bus boycott in Montgomery.**

ANSWER: **Alabama**

131-11-38-03108



In this battle, Joseph Hooker's corps was unable to capture Dunker Church. After Burnside captured a stone bridge, A.P. Hill arrived with reinforcements from (+) Harpers Ferry, ending this battle. Fighting also occurred on a sunken road called "Bloody Lane" during this battle, before which the Union discovered Special Order 191, part of the Confederate plans, wrapped around some cigars. (*) McClellan's failure to pursue the Confederates after this battle led to his removal from command. The outcome of this battle led Lincoln to issue the Emancipation Proclamation. For 10 points, name this bloodiest day of the Civil War, an 1862 battle in Maryland.

ANSWER: Battle of Antietam [or Battle of Sharpsburg]

079-11-38-0310-1

BONUS: U.S. Ambassador to Mexico Carlos Pascual resigned after what organization led by Julian Assange released information which harmed his relations with president Calderon?

ANSWER: Wikileaks

015-11-38-0310-1