



1. Early victims of this disease include Arvid Noe and David Carr. Gaetan Dugas, a Canadian flight attendant, was labeled "patient zero" for this disease. One early name for this disease was GRID, or gay-related immune deficiency. For 10 points, name this disease which is caused by HIV.

ANSWER: **AIDS** [or **acquired immune deficiency syndrome**; or **acquired immunodeficiency syndrome**; do not accept or prompt on "HIV"]

088-11-52-03101

2. The president of this country returned in September of 2011, almost four months after a nearly-fatal attack on the presidential compound forced him to seek medical treatment in Saudi Arabia. Prime Minister Ali Mujawar and President Ali Abdullah Saleh remain in power in, for 10 points, what nation at the south of the Arabian Peninsula?

ANSWER: **Yemen**

147-11-52-03102

3. This law was opposed by the Petition of London Merchants and by a speech which asserted, "if this be treason, make the most of it." It was replaced by the Townshend Act after its repeal. For 10 points, identify this unpopular 1765 attempt to tax gambling devices and paper goods in the American colonies.

ANSWER: the **Stamp Act**

019-11-52-03103

4. The early part of this war was defined by the disastrous Braddock Expedition. At its end, Louis Montcalm was defeated in the Battle of the Plains of Abraham, and James Wolfe took Quebec. For 10 points, name this war in which future Revolutionary leaders such as George Washington served for the British against two opponents.

ANSWER: the **French and Indian War** [or the North American theater of the **Seven Years War**]

019-11-52-03104

5. A central speech in this movement used the analogy of one who "holds a spider, or some loathsome insect, over the fire." Leaders of this movement included George Whitefield and Jonathan Edwards, who wrote "Sinners in the Hands of an Angry God." For 10 points, name this religious revival in 1740s New England.

ANSWER: First **Great Awakening**

019-11-52-03105

6. Those targeted in this event often had to go through an auto-da-fe. Among its targets were forced converts called Moriscos. Tomas de Torquemada was the first to lead this movement, that started in Castille under Ferdinand and Isabella. For 10 points, name this period of enforced Catholicism in Christian Spain.

ANSWER: Spanish **Inquisition** [or Tribunal of the Holy Office of the **Inquisition**]

064-11-52-03106

7. This artist created several still lifes dedicated to Dr. Samuel Fastlicht and frequently painted watermelons and oranges. This artist's many self-portraits include her with animals such as parrots and monkeys. For 10 points, name this female Mexican artist who was married to Diego Rivera.

ANSWER: Frida **Kahlo** de Rivera [or Magdalena Carmen Frieda **Kahlo** y Calderón]

140-11-52-03107

8. This man published a history of New York under the name "Dietrich Knickerbocker." As "Geoffrey Crayon," he introduced characters such as a man who flees to the Catskills from his nagging wife. He also described Brom Bones and Ichabod Crane. For 10 points, name this creator of Rip van Winkle and Sleepy Hollow.

ANSWER: Washington **Irving**

019-11-52-03108

9. This man and his Famous Thirteen camped on La Isla Gorgona while waiting for Diego Almagro. After the rejection of Vicente de Valverde's bible, this conquistador won the Battle of Cajamarca (CAH-ha-MAR-kuh) over Atahualpa. For 10 points, name this Spaniard who conquered the Incan Empire.

ANSWER: Francisco **Pizarro**

149-11-52-03109

10. Early examples of these structures are mastabas, which use mud brick. The first one built entirely out of stone was designed by Imhotep for Zoser. The largest was built for Khufu, and is about thirty feet shorter than when it was originally covered with white limestone. For 10 points, name these graves of pharaohs.

ANSWER: **pyramids** [or **step pyramids** before "Khufu"]

121-11-52-03110



1. Oddone Colonna's obtaining of this position ended a forty-year period of rival claimants. Dante's *Inferno* denounces as simonists two of these people, Nicholas IV and Boniface VIII. A thirteenth-century holder of this position was Innocent III. For 10 points, name this position held by those leaders of the Roman Catholic Church.

ANSWER: **Pope**

142-11-52-03101

BONUS: During the fourteenth-century Western Schism, rival Popes ruled from what French city?

ANSWER: **Avignon**

142-11-52-0310-1

2. "The Promise of Living" is a chorus from this man's opera *The Tender Land*. This composer of *Lincoln Portrait* depicted "the open prairie" and a "gun battle" in his ballet *Billy the Kid*. Another ballet by this man includes the movements "Buckaroo Holiday" and "Hoedown." For 10 points, name this composer of *Rodeo*.

ANSWER: Aaron **Copland** [or *The Tender Land* before "this man" is read]

142-11-52-03102

BONUS: Like Paul Hindemith and Malcolm Arnold, Copland wrote a clarinet concerto for which jazz clarinetist, known as the "King of Swing?"

ANSWER: Benny **Goodman**

142-11-52-0310-1

3. *If This Is a Man* describes Primo Levi's experience in this place. Its entrance had a sign reading "Arbeit macht frei." Its inmates included Jehovah's Witnesses, Gypsies and homosexuals. Dr. Mengele experimented on its prisoners. Paired with Birkenau was, for 10 points, what most infamous Holocaust death camp?

ANSWER: **Auschwitz**-Birkenau [prompt on **Birkenau** before it is read]

020-11-52-03103

BONUS: The deportation of Jews to Auschwitz rose sharply after what plan of genocide led by Heinrich Himmler made at the Wannsee Conference?

ANSWER: **Final Solution** to the Jewish Question [or Die **Endlösung**]

020-11-52-0310-1

4. In 2005 Pat Robertson was criticized for calling for this man's assassination. He announced he was undergoing chemotherapy in 2011. He allied himself with Bolivian leader Evo Morales after coming to power in 1999 amid promises of socialist reform to his country's oil industry. For 10 points, name this president of Venezuela.

ANSWER: Hugo **Chavez**

015-11-52-03104

BONUS: What brother of Fidel Castro has replaced him as president of Cuba?

ANSWER: **Raul** Modesto Castro

015-11-52-0310-1

5. Later parts of this platform included the formation of the United States Housing Authority and the Farm Security Administration. The Wagner Act, the Works Progress Administration and the Social Security Act were parts of the so-called "second" one of these. For 10 points, name this legislative program, a response to the Great Depression by Franklin Roosevelt.

ANSWER: **New Deal**

147-11-52-03105

BONUS: Due to the sweeping accomplishments like the New Deal during Franklin Delano Roosevelt's early presidency, many presidents are judged on their work during what period of time?

ANSWER: First **100 days**

147-11-52-0310-1

6. This man gave the "House Divided" speech to oppose the "popular sovereignty" doctrine during his series of debates with Stephen Douglas. For 10 points, identify this man who was later elected President and gave a speech about "government of the people, by the people, and for the people," the Gettysburg Address.

ANSWER: Abraham **Lincoln**

019-11-52-03106

BONUS: Lincoln gave an 1860 speech at what New York City location, now a prestigious art school, where he said "we can yet afford to let" slavery "alone where it is," but that it must spread no further?

ANSWER: **Cooper Union**

052-11-52-0310-1

7. This document ordered the removal of fishing weirs from rivers. The Battle of Bouvines led to the creation of this document, whose "security clause" caused the First Barons' War. It also established habeas corpus. For 10 points, name this agreement with the English barons, signed at Runnymede in 1215.

ANSWER: **Magna Carta**

079-11-52-03107

BONUS: Two other charters, those of 1225 and 1297, were reinstated by what English king, better known as the "Hammer of the Scots"?

ANSWER: **Edward I** [or **Edward Longshanks**; prompt on **Edward**]

020-11-52-0310-1

8. One leader with this surname was assassinated by a female LTTE member with an explosive belt. Another leader with this surname launched Operation Blue Star to raid Amritsar, after which she was shot by her own bodyguards. For 10 points, name this name shared by Indian prime ministers Rajiv and Indira, as well as a Mahatma who supported non-violent protest.

ANSWER: **Gandhi**

048-11-52-03108

BONUS: Mahatma Gandhi protested the British tax on this substance by marching to Dandi and producing this substance on his own by boiling seawater.

ANSWER: **salt**

066-11-52-0310-1



STRUGGLE FOR THE THRONE

Name these elements of the 1455 to 1485 civil war for control of the English monarchy:

1. Flowery name of the conflict

ANSWER: Wars of the **Roses**

2. House including Richard III which challenged for the throne

ANSWER: House of **York** [or **Yorkists**]

3. Color representing Richard's forces

ANSWER: **white**

4. House including Henry VI which ruled at the start of the conflict

ANSWER: House of **Lancaster** [or **Lancastrians**]

5. Color which represented Henry's forces

ANSWER: **red**

6. Playwright who wrote about the conflict in *Richard III*

ANSWER: William **Shakespeare**

7. Powerful earl who was nicknamed "kingmaker" during the conflict

ANSWER: Richard **Neville** [or the Earl of **Warwick**]

8. 1455 opening battle of the conflict, where Henry VI was captured

ANSWER: First Battle of **St. Albans**

019-11-52-0310-1

SOUTH AMERICA

What South American country...

1. Colonized by Portugal is the largest?

ANSWER: **Brazil**

2. With capitals La Paz and Sucre was named for a "liberator?"

ANSWER: **Bolivia**

3. Was home to the Inca before their conquest?

ANSWER: **Peru**

4. Was liberated by Sucre and Bernardo O'Higgins at the Battle of Chacabuco?

ANSWER: **Chile**

5. Saw dictator Francisco Solano Lopez defeated in the War of the Triple Alliance?

ANSWER: **Paraguay**

6. Joined Brazil and Uruguay in the Triple Alliance, under Bartolome Mitre?

ANSWER: **Argentina**

7. Came under Dutch control after the Treaty of Breda?

ANSWER: **Suriname**

8. Saw Jim Jones lead the mass suicide of the People's Temple cult?

ANSWER: **Guyana**

079-11-52-0310-1

THE PUNIC WARS

Name these components of the Punic Wars:

1. Namesake capital of the vast ancient Italian republic that fought Carthage in them

ANSWER: **Rome** [or **Roma**; or **Roman** Republic]

2. English word for paid foreign soldiers that names a related conflict

ANSWER: **mercenaries** [or the **Mercenary** War]

3. Large animals which first crossed the Alps during the Second Punic War

ANSWER: war **elephants**

4. Region north of Greece, home of Alexander, that names another related war

ANSWER: **Macedonia** [or the First **Macedonian** War]

5. Carthaginian general who invaded Italy during the Second Punic War

ANSWER: **Hannibal**

6. Total number of Punic Wars

ANSWER: **three**

7. Decisive battle of the Second Punic War, which was won by Scipio

ANSWER: Battle of **Zama**

8. Phrase which Cato the Elder repeated to start the Third Punic War

ANSWER: "**Cartago delenda est**" [or "**Carthage must be destroyed**"]

019-11-52-0310-1



1. **As a result of this summit, Krakow became a free city and the Russian conquests of Galicia and Thorn were reversed. Alexander I personally (+) represented Russia at this meeting, which also included Castlereagh and Talleyrand. European (*) harmony was ensured for forty years in, for 10 points, what 1815 meeting chaired by Klemens von Metternich?**

ANSWER: **Congress of Vienna**

019-11-52-03101

2. **In *Some Like It Hot*, this actress is the vocalist and ukelele player of an all-girl band. In an iconic scene in *The (+) Seven Year Itch*, this actress's dress is (*) blown above her knees by a passing train. For 10 points, name this blonde actress and sex symbol who had affairs with both Robert and John Kennedy.**

ANSWER: Marilyn **Monroe** [or Norma Jeane **Mortensen** or Norma Jeane **Baker**]

066-11-52-03102

3. **This man tried to use his school of psychology to aid the military in Project Pigeon. He described his version of a utopian community in (+) *Walden Two*. One of his inventions encouraged rats to push a lever. He also invented the (*) teaching machine and air-crib. For 10 points, name this man who studied operant conditioning with his namesake box.**

ANSWER: Burrhus Frederic **Skinner**

105-11-52-03103

4. **This President fired many air traffic controllers during a strike. This advocate of supply-side economics proposed the (+) Strategic Defense Initiative, also known as "Star Wars." John Hinckley tried to (*) assassinate this man, who urged Mikhail Gorbachev to "tear down this wall." For 10 points, name this two-term President who was succeeded by George H.W. Bush.**

ANSWER: Ronald **Reagan**

105-11-52-03104

5. **This program was announced in a speech given at Memorial Church in Harvard Yard. It was signed into law as the (+) Economic Cooperation Act. Its namesake failed to broker a coalition between the Communists and Kuomintang. It first benefited Greece and (*) Turkey and eventually disbursed thirteen billion dollars. For 10 points, name this plan to give postwar Europe money.**

ANSWER: **Marshall Plan** [or **European Recovery Program**]

020-11-52-03105

6. **During one war, this man ordered Marshal Pang to attack following an advance to the Yalu River. He became a leader during the (+) Long March away from Chiang Kai-Shek's forces. His sayings are collected in the (*) Little Red Book, called for the Great Revolution. For 10 points, name this founder of the People's Republic of China.**

ANSWER: **Mao Zedong**

149-11-52-03106

7. **This empire recruited a special group of soldiers through the *devshirme* (DEV-ish-ER-may) system. In diplomatic correspondence, this empire was often called the Sublime Porte. Founded by (+) Osman, this empire trained Christian slaves to become an elite force called the (*) Janissaries. For 10 points, name this Turkish empire that fell in 1923.**

ANSWER: **Ottoman** Empire [or **Sublime Porte** before it is read]

080-11-52-03107

8. **These people comprised the Varangian Guard and destroyed the abbey on Lindisfarne. They laid their dead on (+) ships and cast them out to sea. One group of these figures set out in longships to Vineland under the son of Erik (*) the Red in 1002 AD.** For 10 points, name these Scandinavian warriors.

ANSWER: Vikings [or Norsemen; or Scandinavians before it is read]

020-11-52-03108



The "wildcat" kind of these institutions arose during a fifty-year period of almost no regulation. The (+) "pet" kind received favors as part of a political spoils system. The second (*) national one was not rechartered by Andrew Jackson, leading to a namesake "war." For 10 points, identify these institutions, currently regulated by the Federal Reserve.

ANSWER: **banks**

019-11-52-0310-1

BONUS: The Free French were founded after the creation of what puppet state led by Marshal Petain?

ANSWER: **Vichy** France

140-11-52-0310-1